

# THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. XI.—NO. 5.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1899.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

## FALL GOODS! "CAREY'S" FALL GOODS!

B. CAREY has just placed in stock a large shipment of FALL GOODS, all of which will be sold at the Low Prices that has made this store so popular. The new stock consists of the very best in—

Flannelettes, Blankets, Tickings, Hose, Cottons, Quilts, Cottonades, Linens, Sheetings, Shawls, Tweeds, Oilcloths, Woollens, Towelings, Underwear, Linoleums.

Also a complete stock of Up-to-Date, Ready-to-Wear, Tailor-Made Clothing. See the ten-dollar suit we are selling for \$7.50, and our special double-breasted tweed suit for \$8.50. You want the goods! We want your trade! Result—Mutual Benefit! WHY? Just because any person can save from \$1 to \$5 on every bill of goods they buy from us at the low prices for which we are selling them. Two Specials in Dress Goods:—Double fold plaid dress goods, a beauty, regular 35c. for 25c.; a lowly dress goods, plaid, wool effect, regular 25c. for 15c.

Produce taken as cash. Highest price paid.

B. CAREY.

## Harness!

HERE IS A SNAP!

A fine set of team harness, all hand made from best oak leather, for \$24.00; something better for \$26.00, \$28.00 and \$30.00. Single harness for \$8, \$12, \$14, \$15 and up. Sweat pads, 75c. a pair for 11-inch pad. These are the "SUCCESS," sweat pad and have a world wide reputation. As we have the sole agency for this district in these goods you will not be able to procure them from other dealers, so beware of imitation. We have a larger stock of saddles than ever at prices ranging from \$3.25 to \$55.00. These saddles are made by Carson & Shores and are acknowledged to be the best on the continent.



## Implements!

We have just received a carload of Woodstock wagons, 2, 2½ and 3 inch tire. A car load of Canton ploughs now on the way. A car of E. N. Henry & Co's buggies—the same as we sold last year—to arrive soon. We will have a car of Deering mowers and rakes in stock about April 20th; also a sample of their celebrated light binders. Inspect our implements before purchasing elsewhere and we will convince you that we sell better goods for less money than any other firm in Moose Jaw.

In Boots and Shoes We Have Some Special Values! Men's split bals for 75c. to \$1.00; men's buff congress or bals for \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50. These are some special lines that we bought at a bargain and we want to give you the benefit. Call early and get your choice as they will not last long.

R. E. DORAN.

## OTTAWA HOTEL

Under New Management.

Having leased the Ottawa Hotel from Mr. R. H. W. Holt, the undersigned wishes to announce to the people of Moose Jaw and district that he is having the premises thoroughly renovated and will conduct a first-class house in every respect. Special attention will be paid to our dining room and no pains will be spared to insure the comforts of our guests and make this the best \$1 a day house west of Winnipeg. Special rates to monthly boarders. First-class bar in connection. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

F. COLBOURNE.

River Street West.

## A GOOD CIGAR

Is a treat to one who enjoys a smoke, and how often poor, cheap cigars are handed out without a kick from the purchaser. We are handling only the best grades of cigars and tobaccos, and our object is to show one of the most complete and up-to-date stocks in the West.

## Fruit! - Fruit!

We are representing several of the largest fruit growers in the West, and will be able to supply all kinds of fruit in season. Leave orders early. Special prices on full crates.

B. L. MOORHOUSE.

Bicycle livery in connection.

## FOR SALE

Good boat and boat house for sale. Apply to J. E. KERR. 4-6p

Three cows, good milkers, for sale at moderate price. Stable next to Mr. Kent's, High St. Apply to ARTHUR L. Davis, Moose Jaw.

## BICYCLES!

### Clearing Sale of

RED BIRDS AND RUBY RIMS, OXFORDS AND ARLINGTONS.

Now is your chance to buy a bicycle. If you would guess at the price you would guess too high.

G. K. Smith.

## Houses for Sale,

REASONABLE TERMS! SMALL PAYMENTS!

Having purchased the "Colpitts property," on Manitoba Street, I purpose building thereon a number of comfortable and commodious dwelling houses, which will be ready for occupation early in the season. This is the most desirable residential property in town, being near the river, well cultivated, and plenty of young shade trees and small fruit bushes. Houses and lots from \$500 up. Payments and terms arranged to suit purchaser.

R. BEARD, Contractor.

Buildings moved.

WAGGON'S GUIDE A POCKET DIRECTORY TO SEE US

## For the Next Week We Offer Very Special Inducements for Cash Buyers In the Following Lines!

### Blouse Silks!

In blouse silks we will give you the choice of all our 50, 60 and 75 cent blouse silks, beautiful designs, any piece for 36c. a yard, and all 25cts. plains for 15cts. Early purchasers get the best choice. Don't miss it!

### Ladies' Wrappers!

Ladies' wrappers are clearing at 25 p. c. discount. A nicely trimmed and finished wrapper for 75c.—was \$1.00—and so on to \$2.00.

### Ladies' Tan Shoes!

We have one hundred pair of ladies' tan shoes, buttoned shoes and odd lines, that we purpose giving our customers for just \$1.00 per pair, worth from \$1.50 to \$2.50.

### Dress Robes!

Don't miss one of those nobby dress robes at \$4.00—are worth \$6.50 easy. And in those Great 10c. Mullins we have put in a lot more and there is still a grand choice.

Ladies' ties reduced to clear at 10c., 15c., and 25c

Pure linen towels, 6 for 25c.

Ladies' belts, all odd lines put in a 25c. box.

See our remnants of ribbons and dress goods.

## Car of Groceries

Just placed in stock this week and customers can always rely on getting choice fresh family groceries from us at lowest prices. Compare our price list.

Robinson & Hamilton.

### A GRAND SUCCESS.

Wednesday's Excursion to the Experimental Farm was Well Attended.

It was to be greatly regretted that the Walter L. Main circus and the farmers' excursion to Indian Head should both have been held on the same day, and it was generally predicted that either one or even both would be a failure. But such was not the case. Notwithstanding that there was no civic holiday, the presence of the circus in town, and that the early morning indicated a rainy and unfavorable day, a large number of farmers and not a few townspeople joined the excursion to Indian Head, and at intermediate points their numbers were augmented until Qu'Appelle was reached when the whole eight coaches were comfortably filled. On arriving at Indian Head the majority of the excursionists proceeded to the Experimental Farm, the Superintendent having provided teams for the conveyance of the baskets and as many of the excursionists as possible. The Stony Beach Brass Band, which joined the excursion at Belle Plaine, favored the party with several selections while the ladies were picnicking the dinner, or on the arrival of Lieut. Governor Forget they played the National Anthem in front of the Superintendent's residence. After dinner the farmers proceeded to explore the farm and take a few object lessons in agriculture under the guidance of the employees, who were very courteous and attentive. Some of the excursionists had not visited the farm for six years, and they were more than surprised at the changed appearance wrought by the growth of the extensive wind brakes, the beautiful hedges and pretty walks around the fields of wheat, the vegetable gardens, the flower plots and fruit bushes. Besides the farm, the Central Assiniboia Exhibition, which opened that day, was an attraction, and afforded a splendid opportunity to see what is being done by the farmers of probably the most thickly settled district in the prairie. There were plenty of exhibits of live stock, grain, poultry, roots and vegetables, threshing machines, implements, etc., etc., besides the horse racing, lacrosse and football matches, and the usual number of side shows that are to be seen at a provincial show. When all had been said it was towards evening, and the excursionists wandered back to the train, tired and weary and ready for home.

### THE FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

The Moose Jaw Football team accompanied the excursion to take part in the tournament announced for the day. There were five teams entered, viz.: Indian Head, Regina, Sinitaluta, Spring Couleau and Moose Jaw. Spring Couleau defaulted to Regina and Moose Jaw and Sinitaluta were matched at one o'clock. The team was captained by H. J. Wilson and was composed as follows: Wm. Munns, goal; Cummings, McEachran, backs; Stuart, D. Alexander, Cooper, half-backs; McCarty, Hughes, Dinsley, Munro, Wilson, forwards. The game resulted in a victory for Moose Jaw by 2 goals to 1. For some reason the match between Indian Head and Regina did not take place and the Moose Jaw team will probably be awarded the medals by default.

### NOTES.

Among the exhibits of special interest was a display of "farmers' enemies"—noxious weeds—which was prepared by Mr. William Territorial Weed Inspector, who had a tent all to himself, and gave information to those who inspected the exhibit.

The excursionists greatly appreciated the music of the Stony Beach Band, which was much in evidence all day, whether at the farm or on the rounds. Stony Beach is the only farming community we know of that can boast of a brass band, and a band that any town would be proud of.

Owing to the cloudy morning, no doubt, many stayed at home who would have otherwise went, but it proved to be regular picnic weather. Old Sol playing hide and seek behind the clouds all day. It was neither too hot nor too cold, and there was not a drop of rain.

It was a happy crowd, but probably the happiest man in the crowd was Mr. O. B. Fysh, who was responsible for the excursion and its success.

Mr. Angus McKay, superintendent of the farm, has the sincere thanks of everyone who attended. Much to the disappointment of the excursionists, Mr. McKay was unable to be at the farm in person owing to duty having called him to the exhibition grounds. But Mr. McKay had anticipated all our wants before we arrived.

### Valley Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F.

Last Friday night District Deputy Grand Sir John Tucker, P. G. M., of Goodwin, re-organized Valley Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F. The charter members are: Messrs. C. A. Gam, J. P. Fowler, W. E. Fisher, R. H. Lowe, Wm. Pascoe, Jan. McCauley, W. H. Allison, Jas. McClelland and J. G. Beeley. Twelve new members were initiated and put through the first, second and third degrees. They were: Messrs. A. B. Sim, E. H. Moorhouse, Dr. Radcliffe, E. L. Colling, C. A. Smith, G. K. Smith, R. L. Slater, A. R. Garrett, Alex. McKensie, H. Jagger, Geo. Moth and J. A. Sheppard. The Grand Sir was assisted in the performance of the beautiful ceremony of the order by the following members of the Regina lodge: S. F. Brendar, E. B. Ferguson, A. Blair, Theo. Tucker (Weyburn), Frank Grobb (Moose Jaw), A. E. Giffins, A. McDonald, Geo. Crapper, Frank Nash, J. K. McInnis, J. Johnson and J. W. Atchison. After the ceremony the visitors were entertained at a lunch prepared by Mr. J. M. Simington, at which all the brethren enjoyed themselves.

### ANOTHER APPOINTMENT

We Now Have an "Asst. Insp." to Take Care of the Chemical Engine, Enforcing the Herd Law, Etc.

The regular meeting of the town Council was held on Monday evening. His Worship Mayor Bogue presided, and Councillors Hamilton, Simpson, Munns and Grayson were present. A communication was received from Mr. D. Moore re stock running at large, which was filed as steps were being taken to abate the nuisance. A petition was read asking for a civic holiday for August 2nd, which was not granted, owing to the coming of the circus, the short notice, and as some of the petitioners had since signified their desire not to have a holiday. The account of the Times Printing Co., the Auditor's report, and the Secretary-Treasurer's report, were referred to the Finance Committee. The account of J. E. Battell was referred to the Board of Works, and the account of R. Snoddy, for sidewalks, H. Battell, salary, and A. W. Wallace were ordered to be paid. By-laws were passed appointing John Riddell, poundkeeper, and amending by-law No. 91, and notice was given to amend by-law 167. O. H. Sackler was appointed to take care of the chemical engine, enforce the herd law and help to carry out the provisions of the health and other by-laws. The Board of Works was instructed to ask for tenders for the building of a 7-foot sidewalk on east side of Main Street to the corner of Athabasca Street, and a 4-foot sidewalk on the south side of Fairfield Street east of Main Street. The Board of Works recommended the building of a sidewalk asked for by Mr. J. W. Holmes and others as soon as finances would permit.

### The Walter L. Main Circus.

The Walter L. Main circus, which showed here on Wednesday, was all that it was represented to be, and that is saying a good deal when speaking of a circus. Their show was good right through and the absence of all roughness, gambling and vulgarity that usually accompany a circus performance was quite noticeable. Questioned by a townsman as to how he managed this the manager answered, "You see I don't drink myself and I don't allow anybody around me to drink, and that settles the matter." Taking everything into consideration the Main circus is the best that has come to Moose Jaw.

### Moose Jaw Rifle Association.

On Saturday last the fourth and final match of the Canadian Military Rifle League was shot, and the result was most gratifying to the members, the total score for the first team being 851. Mr. Seymour Green succeeded in putting in his first "century," and the first 100 ever made in a league match at this point. The scores of the members were above their average, as will be seen by the following table:—

### FIRST TEAM.

Seymour Green.....	100
A. R. Lowe.....	92
J. Rutherford.....	89
G. Simmons.....	88
C. A. W. Stunt.....	86
C. A. Gam.....	85
D. Morrison.....	81
Geo. Holdsworth.....	80
Rev. J. S. Chivers.....	75
E. W. Smith.....	74

### SECOND TEAM.

F. Muirhead.....	70
D. Moore.....	69
Ralf Mansel.....	67
B. Holdsworth.....	66
Ed. Manley.....	62
Dr. P. F. Sizoo.....	53

The button contest for the week ending Saturday, July 22nd resulted as follows: Gold, C. A. W. Stunt; Silver, C. G. Simmons; Bronze, Dr. J. W. McCulloch. The annual match will be held on Monday, Sept. 4th. Prize list and competitions will appear shortly.

### Marriage of J. W. Robin and Miss Haigh.

On Tuesday last at 11 a.m., Mr. J. W. Robin was married to Miss Jennie Haigh at St. John the Baptist's church. A few minutes to 11 Mr. Robin entered the church accompanied by Mr. Geo. Haigh, who acted as best man. About fifteen minutes later Miss Haigh entered leaning on the arm of her father and accompanied by Miss Nellie Haigh, who acted as bridesmaid. The bride looked charming in a dress of white silk trimmed with chiffon. The carried a magnificent ivory prayer book, the gift of the bridegroom, instead of the ordinary bouquet. The service was fully choral, a special feature being the hymn "O Perfect Love," sung to a tune specially composed for the occasion by Mr. H. S. H. Goodier, the organist. The church was crowded considering the hour of the ceremony. As the bridal party left the church the organist played Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." After the ceremony the bridal party drove home where a sumptuous wedding breakfast was served to a few friends. Immediately after the service a telegram of congratulations was received from Mr. Robin's sister in England, dated that morning. The bridegroom's gift to the bride was a handsome opal ring, and to the bride a Haintzman piano. Very many handsome and costly presents were received, numbering upwards of sixty. In the afternoon a reception was held at which many people attended and offered their congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Robin. We add our quote to the general expressions of good will and wish them every happiness and a long life of prosperity together.

## Advertise!

BY RAIL, SEEN LAKE, WAGGON'S GUIDE



## NEWS FROM ORIENT.

### THE KIMSHU MARU ARRIVES AT VICTORIA ON FAST TIME.

### The Aorangi Sails for Australia With a Large Consignment of Canadian Made Bicycles.

Victoria, B.C., July 26.—The Kimshu Maru arrived here yesterday after a record breaking trip across from China. She had few white passengers, among them being Dr. Eastlake, of New York, who is introducing the electric trolley system into Japan. The officers of the ship report the plague as almost stamped out so far as ships are concerned.

Elaborate arrangements were being made for the celebration of the revised treaties coming into force on the 17th. This will not apply to France, Austria or Italy, with whom the treaty does not apply till August 4th. U. S. Minister B. McKee has issued a proclamation calling on all United States citizens to observe the new arrangements and Dr. Eastlake says the general impression is that foreigners will be more leniently treated than natives.

A terrible hurricane swept the Japanese coast from 8th to 11th of July. In the Ogie district, Tokushima prefecture, seventy houses were washed away, fifty persons killed and thirty are missing. In Suifu Mura, Iano district of the same prefecture, over forty houses were demolished and many people missing. At Aiga Mura, Kitamuro district, Miye prefecture, a landslide occurred on the night of the 10th owing to the heavy rains. Five horses were crushed under the debris and twenty-eight persons were either killed or injured. Railway traffic east of the Yauagi on the Sanyo railway is still interrupted in consequence of damage done to the track.

R. M. S. Aorangi sailed yesterday for Honolulu, Suva, Fiji, Brisbane, Queensland, Sydney, N. S. W. The Aorangi had the largest cargo that has been taken out by any boat belonging to the Canadian and Australian line for some months. For the thirty population of Honolulu there is 500 tons of beer. One of many large shipments that have been made there recently are Canadian made bicycles, which are becoming popular in Australia. There are also very large consignments of papers, cotton goods and refrigerating machinery going out on the same boat.

Vancouver's growing importance as a trade centre was exemplified yesterday, when the returns for the Vancouver clearing house for the week just ended were announced as amounting to \$1,004,799. This is the first time that the bank clearings of either Vancouver or Victoria have gone over the million dollar mark.

### A KLONDIKE NEARER HOME

Manitowish Mining District Produces Nuggets Large as Beans—Mikado Beaten. Winnipeg, Ont., July 30.—Reports are to hand from the Manitowish gold mining district, south of Winnipeg, of immensely rich ore being found by parties now opening up a mining location. One of these is a big reef under development by Mr. G. W. Glass with American capital, and at a depth of thirty feet from the surface the miners struck a vein of ore containing nuggets of gold as large as beans and it is considered to be richer even than the famous Mikado ore taken out last winter. Equally as rich ore is now being mined by the Cracker Jack Mining company, who are working the Cracker Jack mine on Dog Fly Lake, Lower Manitoba, under the management of Reginald Keating. No accurate estimate has been made of the exact value of the ore which must run several thousand dollars to the ton. The Glass Reef and the Cracker Jack are about fifteen miles apart, and the former is about eight miles southeast of the Barker mine, recently sold for \$250,000.

Fire at Whittemouth. Whittemouth, July 30.—The store and dwelling house of the Winnipeg River Trading company owned by T. H. Corrigan, were burned to the ground this morning at midnight and all efforts to save it were useless. The family escaped. A lamp was the cause. A large gang of men are watching the houses of Wm. Wilson and Jas. Wilson which are close by.

ORILLIA'S WATER POWER. Orillia, July 30.—The Orillia power scheme has been revived. The Royal Electric company of Montreal will carry out the work for \$71,000. The company undertakes to furnish lighting by November 1st, and power by December 1st.

Oak Lake, Man., July 30.—Geo. K. Cook, a well known farmer of this vicinity, died today after about eight weeks illness. He was recovering from the primary disease, typhoid fever, when stricken by congestion of the lungs, which rapidly led to a fatal issue. Mr. Cook was a resident of Winnipeg in the early eighties.

New York, July 30.—Anthracite companies announce that all orders for coal at prices prior to July 1st and not filled on July 31st will be cancelled and an advance of 25 cents per ton will then go into general effect.

New York, July 30.—The representative oarsmen of the Argonaut club, of Toronto, who took part in the races at Henley, arrived here today on the Britannic. All are in good health and greatly enjoyed their trip across the ocean.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, July 29.  
Yellow fever has been stamped out in Havana.  
Anthracite coal advanced in price in New York.  
Hawaiian volcanoes are still in a state of eruption.  
Alex. McLaren, founder of Clearwater, Minn., village, is dead.  
Argonaut sailing crew arrived in New York from Henley.  
Cattle thieves have been operating heavily in Middlesex county, N. Y.  
Very rich ore has been found south of Winnipeg, in the Manitowish district.  
President McKinley has been advised by physicians not to use his eyes.  
Elkhorn citizens gave a resident a pump bath for ill treating his family.  
Pellegrino's sentence of banishment has been commuted. He is now at Nelson, Kendall and Thayer, Michigan aeronauts, were killed in making descents.  
The Constance won the first race for the Canadian flag, defeating General III.  
R. H. Honeywell, a farmer of the Neepawa district, died of cancer in Winnipeg.

The situation in Samoa is one of great uneasiness, the natives are still fighting.  
There is trouble over the seizure of the Vancouver Foremen's gear by a U. S. revenue cutter.

The Brandon and Southwestern railway will take in Lake Umbagog, Brandon's summer resort.

Rhumer, of Rat Portage, won the association singles heat at the national regatta, Boston.

Cypress River residents met and decided to deposit an application for an hotel license in their village.

Winnipeg 4 per cent. bonds brought 105, the 12 per cent. 98 1-4. These are record breaking sales.  
London city council decided to pay the \$3,400 for military services, rendered during the recent strike.

### B. C. MINE FATALITIES

One Man Killed, Another Fatally Injured by an Explosion of Powder.

Sandton, B.C., July 30.—A serious accident occurred here today at the Sovereign mine whereby Ellis Williams, a well experienced miner, lost his life. Both men left here yesterday to do contract work at the Sovereign, and just started work today. They had tunneled about twenty feet and were drilling more holes and loading when somehow or other through striking the caps too hard or the fuse being too short, which it is not known, three or four charges went off simultaneously, killing Williams and injuring his partner Crowe. Dr. Powers left here immediately to attend to the injuries of Crowe, who is being brought down on the backs of his comrades. Crowe cannot recover.

### Sympathy for De Negrier.

London, July 30.—The Daily Chronicle's Paris correspondent says: Though no military movement has followed General De Negrier's disgrace I am bound to say that although he has not received the open approbation of other generals, General De Negrier is overwhelmed with marks of sympathy from every part of France. He was evidently one of the prospective saviors of France and he made known his disappointment, when M. Deroulade's attempt failed, and blamed General Rogee for not snatching the opportunity.

Cable Boat Experiment. Manila, July 30.—In compliance with an order from Madrid, the Spanish transport Alva will proceed from Manila immediately to the Caroline Islands in order to repatriate the garrison and inhabitants of those islands.

There is great interest in the first attempt of the cable boat to follow the movements of the army. The boat left Tambay, near Taguig, at the northern end of Laguna de Bay, this morning, after making connections with a land wire, and successfully laid eighteen miles of cable. It is expected that the cable boat will reach Calamba tonight.

### Killed on the Midland Railway.

Halifax, July 30.—Four men were hurled to death and several more seriously injured on the Midland railway about 1 o'clock today. Details of the accident as yet are very meagre, but it is said that a construction train jumped the track near Little River, Hants county, and rolled over the embankment. It is reported that at least seven are injured.

### 50,000 Will Strike.

Chicago, July 30.—Officials of organized labor here aver that the brick-makers' strike is liable to precipitate a general walk-out of the building trades unions with forces 50,000 strong, thus tying up building operations in the city. Committees from the Bricklayers' alliance began their work today.

Halifax, July 30.—The court of inquiry, which investigated the wrecking of the passenger steamer Portia to the west of Halifax harbor on July 10, gave its decision today. The whole blame for the disaster is placed on Capt. A. J. Farrell, and his masters' certificate is declared suspended in consequence for six months.

Toronto, July 30.—Evidence has been filed in the Ponton trial. It amounts to 150,000 words exclusive of addresses. The trial at Coburg starts Aug. 9, and before Chancellor Boyd.

### DOUBLE DROWNING.

Montreal, July 30.—Glady's Hodgson, 565 Argyle avenue, Westmount, and Edith Jodge, in charge, were drowned together last evening at St. Agathe, while bathing.

Toronto, July 30.—The Presbyterian ministers' contributions to the century fund have increased by \$3,385 since the last list of their givings was published. Now they have given nearly \$14,000 of the \$100,000 which they are expected to contribute within the next two years.

## PEACE CONFERENCE.

### ANDREW D. WHITE'S OPINION ON THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

### Any Modification of the Policy of Monroism Would Have to Come From the United States.

London, July 28.—The Hague correspondent of the Times reports a long conversation with Mr. Andrew D. White, United States ambassador to Berlin, and head of the American delegation. The ambassador, after referring to the earnest desire of the American people for a comprehensive arbitration scheme, as proved in the constant petitions and resolutions of large meetings held in all parts of the United States since the conference has been sitting, said:

"I believe a vast majority of our people will welcome our arbitration treaty and see in it a serviceable plan from the onset, and a term from which a more complete system will be evolved by future conferences. As time progresses, without doubt, references to the tribunal will become increasingly natural and normal, and thus we may hope to have every advantage claimed for obligatory arbitration without its overwhelming disadvantages. But it could hardly be expected that we should be willing to accept the requirement to sweep away at once, here and now, the policy of Monroism.

"If any modification is ever made of that policy, it must be made by the United States after it has had the fullest opportunity to study the subject in all its bearings. Such a change cannot be made here by implications, in a treaty made distinctly for another purpose, and it is important that there should be no doubt on this point."

### COL. LAKE DEAD.

He Dies From Heart Failure While on an Eastern Tour.

Grenfell, Assa, July 28.—All are sorry to learn of the death of Lieut. Col. Lake of heart failure, in one of the eastern provinces whither he had gone to recuperate his health, which had been failing for some time past. He was accompanied by his wife and son, Richard. For a time the change appeared to strengthen him, but a sudden turn for the worse came and on Thursday last he passed away to his reward. He was one of the oldest settlers in this district and was held in the highest esteem by all. His charitable hand and friendly help in every good cause will not soon be forgotten. His magnificent figure and military bearing was marked. Through a long genealogy his ancestors have fought for Britain's glory and freedom and in his early years the colonel himself engaged in active service. The family have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

### Cleveland Street Car Strike.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 28.—There was little change in the street car strike situation this morning. As a result of the vigilance of the police and the soldiers patrolling the streets last night, obstructions on the tracks of the big consolidated lines at daylight were very few and far between. Much satisfaction is expressed on all sides over the calling of a special meeting of the city council for tonight to bring about, if possible, a settlement of the strike.

### Lutetrig Found Dead.

Joliet, Ills., July 28.—Adolph L. Lutetrig, the wealthy sausage maker of Chicago, serving a life sentence in the penitentiary here for the murder of his wife, was found dead in his cell today. The authorities are unable to ascertain the cause of death and an inquest will be held to determine whether he killed himself or died of heart disease.

### A Maniac's Work.

Brazil, Ind., July 28.—Charles Wolfangel became violently insane last night at his home in Denmark, south of here, and seizing a hatchet, chopped his two daughters and his wife to death, while they were sleeping. He then took a knife and cut his throat. The murdered children were 8 and 12 years old.

### Federation Carried.

Melbourne, Victoria, July 28.—Voting on the question of federation is proceeding in Victoria. Returns received up to 5.30 o'clock this afternoon show 64,000 votes cast in favor of federation, and 11,000 votes cast in favor of federation against the proposition. An overwhelming majority in favor of federation is assured.

### Race Called Off.

Dorval, Que., July 28.—The race committee for the Seawanna park have decided to call the race off today on account of a high wind and sea.

St. Thomas, July 28.—J. Wilkinson has sold the Times of this city, to A. E. Wallace, of the Atlas Loan company. Fred E. Johnson, the city editor, retains an interest in the business and will continue therein. The price mentioned is \$25,000.

### Free Courses in Mining.

Toronto, July 28.—The Ontario Bureau of mines will provide free courses in mining instruction for the balance of the summer at Parry Sound, Sudbury, Saw Bill, Rat Portage, and Mine Centre. Professors Goodwin and Nicol, of the Kingston school of mines, will conduct the courses, which will be of ten days duration, and will consist of lectures and practical demonstrations. Practical lectures will also be given by those professors at other mining points whenever arrangements can be made.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Friday, July 28.  
Geo. Lite, of Perth, Ont., was shot by tramps.  
The Bricklayers of Vancouver have gone out on strike.  
Mackenzie and Mann will construct new railways in China.  
The C. P. R. Preston branch will be extended 40 miles this year.  
R. G. Ingersoll's body was cremated.  
Varden exhibition was a success.  
Another rich strike is reported from Lake Manitowish on the Sawyer property.  
D. D. Mann stated the Canadian Northern company will build to Prince Albert.  
Lutetrig, the Chicago wire murderer, was found dead at Joliet penitentiary.  
F. Rose, of Granton, committed suicide in a Winnipeg hotel by taking carbolic acid.  
Government supporters in British Columbia have decided to stand by Premier Scott.  
R. H. Howell, the American, won the single sculls' championship of the Thames.  
Federation was carried by very large majorities in the colonies of Victoria and Tasmania.  
Earthquakes and tidal waves have resulted in much damage.  
J. T. Wilkinson and R. C. Hosking, Vancouver newspaper men, had thrilling escapes from drowning.  
The U. S. troops captured the town of Calamba, in the Philippines, and rescued Spanish prisoners.  
Montgomery General MacArthur, of British Columbia, has resigned his portfolio, and his seat in Vancouver.  
G. T. R. main line trackmen will refuse to advance in pay, or leave the men will not be benefited.  
The Manitoba team won the championship in the Northwest cricket tournament at Winnipeg, defeating Chicago, Minnesota lost to Omaha.

## THE STRIKE FEVER.

Vancouver Bricklayers, Chicago Brick-makers and Philadelphia Messengers Go Out.

Vancouver, July 28.—Nearly all the bricklayers employed in the city went on strike yesterday as a protest against the employment by contractors of Chinese labor. They cannot help using Chinese made bricks as oriental labor has almost entirely secured the monopoly of brick manufacturing, but bricklayers and builders will make a strong fight before they will allow Chinese to work alongside of them in buildings.

Philadelphia, July 28.—The fever of striking, which seems to have taken possession of the telegraph messengers in various cities, reached two hundred out of a total of more than five hundred employed by the different telegraph companies struck for higher wages. They now receive two cents a message and the night shift fifty cents a night. In addition, no payment is made on messages undelivered. The boys want to be paid for the latter and demand three cents a message and 60 cents for night work.

Chicago, July 28.—Some 2,000 brickmakers struck today, tying up about forty brickyards in the city. The strike is to aid the union men in several north side yards.

### Shot by Tramps.

Perth, July 28.—Last night about 11 o'clock George Lite, aged fifteen, was shot in the head with a revolver by a tramp, presumably named James Hart, one of a gang of toughs hanging around for a day or so. The wound is not serious, the bullet entering the scalp on the left side of the head and grazing the skull, coming out above the ear. The boy states he was wheeling home when he was stopped by men who came to him and asked him to buy a ring for \$2. On declining they abused him and on starting away one drew a revolver and struck him on the head with it, shooting at the same time. The boy's description fitted Hart, who with three others were captured early this morning by two policemen and a number of citizens. The men showed fight and some shots were fired. A bullet hit a revolver in a policeman's hand. Two loaded revolvers, one with no empty cartridges, were taken from the men.

### Toronto, July 28.—A paragraph appeared here on July 6, stating the death of R. B. Clappison, whose wife is here and who had been looking for him. One Geo. M. Tolson, of Macleod, wrote saying that Clappison had died at Lethbridge in October last and was buried by E. McFarquhar, undertaker. McFarquhar has written denying that he buried him and contradicting the statement of Tolson's that he was the chief undertaker for the Crows' Nest Pass railway.

San Francisco, July 28.—Pierre Humbert, Jr., a Boston banker, who is at the head of a project to construct a railroad from Pyramid Harbor to Fort Selkirk, is in the city. "We have made our filings," said he, "and have practically secured a charter for that portion of the road traversing American territory. We are now waiting on Ottawa for a Canadian charter and right of way from the boundary to the Yukon. As soon as this is accomplished we will begin construction."

Kington, July 28.—Last evening Calvin's new steamer India had a trial run around the harbor. The engines and steering apparatus worked well. This afternoon she cleared for Cleveland to load coal for Fort William. She then goes to Serpent River, Wis., for iron ore for Deseronto.

Toledo, Ohio, July 28.—C. M. Spitzer, president of the Ohio Central railroad, has resigned.

Owen Sound, July 28.—Mrs. Ryan, of Rockford, a way station four miles from here, was fined \$50 and costs for selling liquor without license. She has been previously convicted twice.

Chicago, July 28.—Six prostrations from heat were reported yesterday, none of them serious. The maximum temperature was 90 degrees, which was more uncomfortable for the great humidity.

New York, July 28.—The body of R. G. Ingersoll was cremated today at the Fresh Pond crematory.

## FROM THE HAGUE.

### STEAD'S OPINION ON THE WORK OF THE CONFERENCE.

### Recognition of an Arbitration Court Represents Vast Progress in the Evolution of Human Society.

The Hague, July 27.—William T. Stead made the following statement in reference to the work of the peace commission: "The conference achieved a great success, much greater than the delegates anticipated, and the result was achieved largely by the amour propre of capable men from all parts of the world, determined to accomplish something worthy their assembling together. The result surprised all of them and the magnitude of the gains is imperfectly understood even by the conference.

"The establishment of a permanent court of arbitration on the American principle of revision, plus the French declaration of the duty of neutrals to recommend disputing powers to refer to an arbitration court rather than to war, represents vast progress in the evolution of human society. The recognition of the duty to represent to disputants the desirability of resorting to the arbitration court entails no obligation on the Americans inconsistent with their traditional policy. This is made absolutely clear by the declaration signed by the American delegation, read in full at the conference today and entered on the records.

"The relations between the Americans and other delegates, notably the British, German and Russian have been extremely friendly. The British and Americans acted throughout almost like a joint delegation. This was due to no arrangement or direction, but solely because both nations found common ground of defense, common interests, civilization and humanity. The only point on which the British delegates failed to support the Americans was in the resolution forbidding the capture of private property at sea. To this, the British representatives were not opposed but the British cabinet being divided, the delegates had no instructions regarding the matter and abstained from taking action.

"After the arbitration convention is signed it will probably be open to the adhesion of all the other powers not represented at the conference, on the condition that no original signatory of the convention object. This right to blackball a power wishing to join the convention was insisted upon by it in order to prevent the adhesion of the pope, and by Britain on account of the Transvaal. It is hoped that all the South American states will come in. It is the unanimous opinion of all the delegates that the conference begins a new epoch, and that the good seed now sown will bear a rich harvest hereafter."

### STOPS A STRIKE.

A Priest Averts a Cessation of Work on a Pennsylvania Railroad.

Jersey City, July 27.—The freight handlers employed in the Pennsylvania railroad company's yards and on its piers at Jersey City, who have been agitating a strike for several days and who thought they would quit work this afternoon, decided to continue work until they could have further conferences with the company's officers. There was no disturbance on the main pier when the decision was announced. Shortly before the time for going to work the men came to the decision after a strong speech made by Father John Brady, who advised them for the sake of their families to be patient, and to take no hasty action.

### John Taylor Will Get the Lash.

Wolsley, Assa, July 27.—A meeting of the supreme court of the Northwest Territories was held here, Judge Wetmore presiding. Among the legal talent present are Messrs. Johnston, of Regina; L. Thomson, Wolsley; Peel, of Grenfell, and McSorg and Gwillim, of Moosomin. The first case to be tried was Queen vs. John Taylor for an offense under the Charlton act. The following jury was chosen and elected, the first named as foreman; Jas. McCowan, W. Aldred, W. Linnell, W. Ingram, S. Fleming, Sr., and George Moore. The prisoner was found guilty. Levi Thomson was the prosecutor for the crown and Mr. Johnson, of Regina, represented Taylor.

At the court house sentences were passed as follows: Henry Hatch, one year in common jail; Regina; John Taylor, three years in Manitoba penitentiary and ten lashes. The sheriff sent out the prisoners by police escort this evening.

### Semlin or Martin.

Victoria, B.C., July 27.—A government caucus is to be held here tonight to decide whether the party will sustain Mr. Semlin in asking Mr. Jos. Martin to resign. The latter says he will abide by the result. The city is full of politicians and wire pulling is actively progressing. It is believed that a general election will be the result.

### Wolsley, N. W. T., July 27.—The supreme court opened here today. Hon. Mr. Justice Wetmore presiding. W. Hatch was convicted on the charge of robbery at Chickney. John Taylor was tried under the Charlton act and convicted. Sentences will be passed tomorrow.

Toronto, July 27.—Ald. Hallam, chairman of the committee of arrangements to open the new city hall, proposes to invite President McKinley, Admiral Dewey and Senator Chauncey Depew, with the object of cementing the Anglo-Saxon alliance.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Thursday, July 27.  
Capt. Dreyfus is seriously ill with fever.  
Military law has been proclaimed in Cleveland.  
Hayti is trying to compromise with her creditors.  
Tonnes Roe was found dead in bed in a Winnipeg hotel.  
Boys are arriving in Winnipeg for the September field trials.  
A military "Tattoo" was held with great success in Toronto.  
Pettit and Day, two Toronto men who disappeared, have turned up safely.  
A lurid carried off considerable silverware from a Winnipeg residence.  
A right of way survey has commenced along the proposed N. E. Portage extension.  
A new ship canal from Lake Erie via Lake Ontario to the Hudson is proposed.  
Howland had a flag incident, a party of Americans hauling down a German ensign.  
The British battleship, Vancouver, and the French battleship, Suffren, were launched.  
The exodus of harvest hands from Ontario this season to Manitoba will not be large.  
Geo. Kiddie, Manitoba's bicycle champion, has entered for the world's meet in Montreal.  
Manager Schyde and party are at Vancouver, returning from the Boundary Creek district.  
Millions of feet of fine timber were destroyed by bush fires along the Crow's Nest Pass line.  
General de Negrier, a member of the supreme council of war, France, has been disgraced.  
Japan desires a measure of financial control in China in exchange for reorganizing the army.  
Lemieux, the accountant of the Ville Marie bank, Montreal, has surrendered himself and promises revelations.

## PRESIDENT ASSASSINATED.

President Ulysses Henreaux, of San Domingo, Murdered at Moca.

New York, July 27.—The Associated Press is advised by officials of the United States and the Haytian Telegraph company, that President Ulysses Henreaux, of Santo Domingo, was murdered at Moca, Santo Domingo, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. General Henreaux was elected president in 1897.

Port de France, Island of Martinique, July 27.—General Ulysses Henreaux, president of the Dominican Republic, was assassinated at Moca at half past four o'clock this afternoon. The name of the murderer is Ramon Caceres. He succeeded in making his escape, but an energetic pursuit was at once begun, and it is probable that he will soon be captured. Vice-President General Figuero immediately assumed the direction of affairs. The remains of the president will probably be taken to San Domingo for the funeral services.

### General Axline Stoned.

Cleveland, July 27.—The storm centre of the street railway strike has, according to the authorities, been settled in Brooklyn, a suburb connected with Cleveland by a long high bridge. At noon 150 employees of the Boro Steel Range company, blockaded a car on the bridge and dragged the motorcar and conductor from their posts, inflicting with their fists and other weapons injuries more painful than serious. Soldiers on guard at the barriers half a mile away hurried to the scene, but the rioters had taken refuge in the factory which stands under the approach to the bridge. General Axline, in command of the troops here, in order to personally view the situation, took a ride today on an Orange street car. He was in civilian dress and the car was stoned at various intervals all along the route. A rock came near hitting him.

Detroit, July 27.—A strike of street railway employees of Detroit is among the possibilities of the near future. The executive committee of the local union is in conference with company officers, the chief points at issue being changes in the number of working hours, and an increase in pay from 21 to 25 cents per hour.

Cincinnati, July 27.—The messenger boys' strike was continued today, but the lawlessness attending it heretofore was much lessened by the more active work of the police. Throughout the day policemen escorted the messengers, and no crowds were allowed to collect.

### Lemieux Surrenders.

Montreal, July 27.—Lemieux, the accountant of the Bank Ville Marie, which suspended payment yesterday, appeared in the police court yesterday, and before Judge Lafontaine, and at his own request the case was postponed until Friday to permit him consulting his lawyer. He has retained J. N. Greenfield and M. F. Quinn, M.P., to defend him. Some startling revelations in connection with the affair are expected.

When arrested last evening Lemieux declared he and Teller Herbert were not the only ones concerned and that some other persons would find themselves in trouble before long.

### Nathaniel Leech Breaks His Neck.

Calgary, N.W.T., July 27.—Nathaniel Leech, a well known farmer, near this city, while stepping off a train at the C.P.R. station here last night, missed his footing and fell upon his head, breaking his neck. Death was instantaneous.

### Dreyfus Contracts Fever.

Paris, July 27.—L'Es Petit Journal says that Dreyfus is ill with fever and that his condition is serious.

Toronto, July 27.—Details of a horrible story came out at the police court today, when seven young roughs were at the bar for criminal assault. Last Friday they broke into the house of Mrs. Jane Owens, 19 Eastern avenue, and assaulted her. She is now in the hospital and her assailants were remanded until she can appear.

Montreal, July 27.—President Loubet arrived here today to spend a vacation. He was accompanied by his mayor and corporation officials, after which he repaired to Marsanne to visit his mother.



## DISILLUSION.

So long have you, in dreams, been known to me,  
So long we dwell together in that land  
Where none may speak, yet all can understand  
The passionate pleading of love's ecstasy—  
That now we meet at last, and I may view  
Your living self, may hold you, speak to you,  
And all undimmed your beauty's luster see,  
I do not love you as I loved you there—  
I loved you in that far land of silent dreams.  
You seem so merely mortal walking here  
That scarce your spirit through its prison  
gleams.  
And I in bitter loneliness remain,  
Because my love can never come again.  
—M. S. in St. Paul's.

## CHASED INTO A FORTUNE.

By LeRoy L. Beach.

An old miner lay dying, which is no unusual thing, as miners, like other people, are only mortal and run their race after about the usual manner. But surrounding the death of James Wentworth there were some unusual circumstances. He lived in a cabin far up the canyon and had no companion save his daughter, aged 12, and myself. I was simply a prospector, who, becoming dissatisfied with the plodding ways of eastern life, had come west to gain wealth by leaps and bounds as a gold seeker. James Wentworth had made several fortunes as a miner, but had lost them all in his old age had settled far up the mountains with his wife and daughter to make a final effort in life. His wife had died about two years previous, but the old man continued to live in that deep solitude with his only child.

"That is a terrible story," the old man called in a feeble voice, and I went to his bedside. "I am alone, but when I am gone my child will be without a protector in the wide world. I want you to promise to look after Myra, to take her to the settlements and find a home where she will be treated well."

"I will most willingly comply with your request, and would have looked after your child though you had not made the request."

"I am glad to hear you say that. I know that I can trust you. I leave my child to you, and I leave you to the owner of the mine and all his assistants were killed by the Indians during its development, and the chart fell to his brother, a very wealthy mine owner, who failed to locate the shaft. About four years ago he gave it to me in return for a kindness. I did him many years ago. That mine is very rich, as the brother told me he had seen assays of the ore during the lifetime of its owner. I have searched for four years for the mine, and not until about a month ago was I able to identify any of the landmarks. Now I must give it up."

The old man remained silent a few moments and then resumed in a feeble voice:

"That mine is within five miles of my cabin, about northeast, in a wild and dangerous locality, far up the mountain side. I want you to finish my work and divide with Myra."

The old miner grew earnest and agitated as he dwelt upon the subject and raised himself nearly upright in bed, but was almost immediately seized with a violent fit of coughing and dropped back exhausted.

That night the old miner became unconscious, and, though he lingered several days, the spark of life finally went out and we laid that once rugged form beneath the mountain cedars.

I took Myra to a camp where a miner lived whose wife had died, and educated her to her I considered the girl until I could find her a permanent home. Then I took up the search for the lost shaft, whose existence I believed in as earnestly as did its former owner. I studied the chart for hours, but there was not a landmark upon it that I generally recognized. Finally, getting all the points well fixed in memory, I set out in the direction mentioned by the old miner and began the fruitless search. I wandered up and down the mountain and climbed precipitous rocks that I would not have ventured under any ordinary circumstances. I found no shaft, and nothing was found more than an occasional surface digging by some wandering prospector. I grew nervous, sleepless and haggard. At last I realized that I must find the mine, give up the search or become insane. When I first began the search, I generally carried my rifle, but of late it grew burdensome, and I frequently left it at the camp, although the region was the wildest in that section and furnished a refuge for the grizzly bear and other dangerous animals.

I went forth upon my ramble one day as lightly burdened as possible, and had walked about for miles in rather an aimless manner. I rounded a point of rock and was climbing up the steep mountain side, when I was startled by a rock which came bounding down fearfully near me. I halted involuntarily, and, looking up in the direction whence it came, saw a huge grizzly bear thrust his head from among some low shrubs and exhibit a set of teeth whose like for viciousness I had never beheld. I was without arms, and, as the nature of the grizzly is at all times belligerent, I did not long hesitate as to what to do.

I turned and started down the mountain side at a speed that threatened to

break my neck at every bound, the ground was so rough and dangerous. The bear gave a growl that sounded to my frightened hearing more like the roar of a hurricane than anything animated and at once took up the pursuit. In his mad chase the huge animal loosened a mass of rock, which came bounding down, creating a veritable avalanche. I realized that unless something speedily happened I would be killed by the rocks if I were not captured by the bear; and, turning aside, darted into a dense thump of mountain cedars.

I scarcely emerged from the brush when my footing gave way, and I found myself falling down, down. At first my fall was slightly checked by a mass of vines that I had dragged with me, but it seemed that I had fallen a thousand feet when I struck the bottom. I was very much shaken up, but not seriously hurt. I picked myself up and then glanced upward to see if the bear was coming on after me, but he had evidently learned something from my drop and only came near enough to stick his ugly nose over the edge of the cliff. I was very much drawn back, and for some time I could hear him thrashing around in the brush above, evidently much disgusted at the turn events had taken.

As soon as I became convinced that he was not going to venture after me I took to my surroundings. I was at the bottom of an old mining shaft long unused. I could hardly realize that I was anywhere more than 30 feet from the surface. I had seemed to fall so far. The fragments of a ladder, worm eaten and useless, lay scattered about. This had been the mode of ingress. As my eyes became accustomed to the dim light I perceived a narrow tunnel, which led off from the shaft a short distance.

I had a good supply of matches, and by means of these I followed the tunnel to its terminus, where I not only came across some tools, but also a considerable quantity of ore that had been at some time prepared for removal.

In a moment the truth dawned upon me. I had discovered the lost mine, or, rather, a grizzly bear had chased me into it. I was wild with joy and forgot for the time that I was at least 30 feet down in the earth without any means of getting out or food enough to last me 24 hours. I sat down and indulged in day dreams until the fading light warned me that the day was nearly spent.

I returned to the shaft and for the first time inspected its walls. They were too smooth to afford a footing in any attempt to climb out, and the ladder, with the exception of a few rungs, was missing. It was dark, and as I could not hope to get out before the next day I ate a light lunch and prepared to spend the night as best I could.

I was exceedingly tired and soon fell asleep, nor did I awake until the sun was gliding the tops of the cedars above. I sprang up and again dividing my scanty provisions at a portion. In my scramble down a small quantity of wild grapes came with me, which were ripe and furnished a most acceptable addition to my repast.

There seemed to be but one way to escape from my dangerous situation, and that was to climb those rocky walls. To do this, crevices must be cut in the rock as I ascended. Fortunately I had tools and a short piece of ladder. The task might be accomplished in a few hours—it might take days. Whatever the time, I was now to live and return to the world.

I selected the best of the tools and set to work at once. I reached as high as I could and began cutting footholds in the rock for the ladder. It was fearfully hard, and I spent hours in getting the first crevice. I was very tired when I placed the ladder in position, leaning the top against the opposite side of the shaft. Then I mounted and began working upon the steps above. I realized that I would need two ladders instead of one.

I returned to the bottom, and, removing my tools, I went back and forth, then I and with these bound together the sounder portions of the ladder remaining at the bottom of the shaft. This consumed the remainder of the day, but I had the second ladder.

I was now out of provisions and consumed the last of them, then, throwing myself down upon the ground, slept fairly well. In the morning I resumed my task, but was in no condition to labor. I only gained one more section, and, though I was half way up, my powers of endurance were almost exhausted. Again I placed my tools in position, but had been using the wildest dreams barely able to place my ladders in position. When I raised my pick to begin another section, I realized that my strength would not hold out for another day, such as I had already gone through, and I came near giving the task up in despair. Only the thought of the lingering death that forgotten shaft prompted me to renewed effort. To my joy the first blow convinced me that the rock was more yielding, and I began working frantically, but soon learned that that would not do and modified my blows.

The sun was low in the west when I completed the section and with almost a dying effort placed the ladder in position. I climbed to the pinnacle and found that I could reach a small twig of grapevine. This I dragged down and with it a bunch of grapes. These I devoured eagerly and then, with renewed strength, began drawing down more of the vine and fruit. At last I obtained one strong enough to bear my weight and, with a desperate effort, pulled myself to the surface. After eating freely of the fruit, which was both food and drink to me, I spent the night at the

mouth of the shaft. Grizzlies nor aught else had terrors for me that night.

Subsequent events are soon told. The mine proved to be as rich as its original owner claimed. Myra was placed at school while I developed the property for our joint interests. At 18 she has finished school and is as lovely and refined as she is good at heart. We have just decided that it is not necessary to divide the property, as we are soon to contract a life partnership and will jointly own the mine.—Detroit News.

## Left With the Telephone Girl.

A telephone girl at a popular Broadway hotel says that five men out of every six forget something when they come out of the telephone booth after sending a message. No matter how attentive a man may be at other times, his wits seem to go wool gathering after he has used a public telephone. The next person that follows him into the booth is pretty sure to find a forgotten umbrella or a pair of gloves.

But cigarette smokers are the most forgetful. When a man is talking through the 'phone, he puts his lighted cigarette on the desk, fully intending to take it up when he goes out. He seldom does it. The porter comes along frequently during the day and gathers the half consumed stumps into a box with his perquisites himself what he does with his perquisites in the way of tobacco.—New York Herald.

## A Strong Indorsement.

The Boston Journal says it has received the following indorsement of a certain popular song from a Sioux City:

Gentlemen—I introduced Borsch and Sheeley's beautiful sentimental ballad, "She Was Saved by Her Mother's Tears," and to say it was a hit would be putting it mildly. I was hit 20 times before I could get off the stage. The city officials gave me a banquet after the show. The spread didn't consist of very much, it was chiefly bread and water. I was so pleased with it I remained ten days. I am now having a suit of mail made and will continue to sing your beautiful song. Yours respectfully,

CHARLES RUBENKIN, The Voiceless Tenor. With "George Jay's Jay From Jay Town."

## Holding Hands.

Mrs. Youngkupp—You used to think it a great privilege once just to hold my hand.

Mr. Youngkupp—And don't I think just as much of you as ever?

Mrs. Youngkupp—If you did, you wouldn't be away every night holding other hands at the poker table.—Boston Transcript.

## PERT PERSONALS.

If President Loubet happens to have a little prime Scotch in his buffet, Hon. Ben Harrison will be pleased to join him.—Washington Post.

Alabama wants to run old Joe Wheeler for governor. Spain found the grizzled old generalry and wants to run for anything.—St. Louis Republic.

If Queen Victoria were no better than the poetry Alfred Austin writes about her, she would not be beloved by an entire world.—Washington Democrat.

Rudyard Kipling will spend the summer in England in pursuit of health, but will resume his pursuit of royalties in this country in the fall.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Richard Mansfield has taken out a \$100,000 life insurance policy. We hardly think his acting is bad enough to make him feel that way about it.—Richmond (Va.) Times.

Hon. H. Dink says he never heard of any gambling in Chicago. It isn't likely, however, that Mr. Dink's innocence will induce any naughty person to try to steal him.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Messrs. Hotwell and Snow, who are about to start from this city on a bicycle tour of the world, ought certainly to be prepared for almost any kind of weather they may encounter.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Governor Bradley confesses that he drinks nothing stronger than lemonade. No wonder the governors of North and South Carolina are saying to each other, "Let us forget, let us forget."—St. Louis Star.

While many people may oppose the Anglo-American alliance, we should remember with gratitude that England has taken William Waldorf Astor and the Bradley-Martins without asking an indemnity.

## PEN AND BRUSH.

Joseph Hutton, the author and journalist, takes a 10 mile walk every day.

Charles Dana Gibson, the artist, earns at least \$25,000 a year by his pen and ink drawings.

Third class medals have been awarded to Messrs. Frederick Dumond and Lionel Walden. American artists, for oil paintings at the Paris salon.

A newly found letter of Robert Louis Stevenson says: "I had always been bound to write a novel and had begun as many as 20 before 'Treasure Island' saw the light, but few were finished and none published."

Joel Chandler Harris of Uncle Remus fame, does all his work at his home, out side of Atlanta. He walks into The Constitution office daily, carrying his "copy" with him. Besides his newspaper work he is at present engaged on two books.



## CHAPTER III.

Everybody said that Mrs. Vandeleur was a first—so much of a first that careful mothers warned their daughters against making friends with her, and metaphorically drew their skirts aside when she went by. She was an audacious, brazen faced, hard hearted little woman—according to the report of these austere matrons—atrocity-prone and bewilderingly smart in repartee. She was a widow and certainly showed no disposition to marry again. Indeed it was rumored that she would lose her money if she did, the late Mr. Vandeleur having been something of a curmudgeon, advanced in years and given to fits of insane jealousy, but if Mrs. Vandeleur could not marry she amused herself all the more by flirting with all the men she met. She was over 30, but did not look it, and she had the dangerous gift of a most extraordinary attractiveness, of which her beauty formed only a part.

There was this to be said in her favor—she kept the friends she made. Men lost their heads about her now and then, but she never lost hers, and when their period of madness was over they settled down with a pleasant kind of friendliness which she really liked better than their love-making. Women said that Laura Vandeleur could never bear to see a man escape altogether from her hands. But then somehow or other women did not like Laura Vandeleur.

She looked very pretty as she sat by the fire in her drawing room one afternoon in November. She had just come back to town and found her rooms intolerable without fragrant wood fires and great bowls of roses and violets. The weather was gray and cold. Nobody knew that she was in London, and she thought herself safe from visitors. It was with some vexation that she heard the servant announce a caller. She was, as always, beautifully dressed. There was no need for her to wish herself differently attired, but she was reading a novel, and she disliked putting it down. The little pucker on her forehead vanished, however, as the visitor entered the room and was succeeded by the most brilliant of smiles.

"Maurice! Can it be you?" She held out her little white hands in greeting. "How dear of you! Why, I haven't seen you for months!"

He pressed her hands and murmured something inaudible. She was shocked by his appearance. He was pale and had dark marks round his eyes, and she noticed that the veins stood out upon his hands as if he had grown thin.

"Have you been ill?" she asked abruptly, but there was tenderness in her face.

"A touch of jungle fever; that was all," Harding said, sitting down listlessly in the chair that she indicated, very near her own. "I am subject to it now and then. It always pulls me down for a few days."

"It does indeed, if this is how you look after it," said Laura to herself, but she simply rang for tea and began to busy herself with the silver bells of her tea tray, just for all the world as if she had no interest in Maurice Harding at all. Until she had given him a notice of her, but all the while she was thinking of him and wondering what ail the man who for many years had been so staunch a friend to her. Only a friend, alas! She did not think that he could ever be anything more.

He meanwhile luxuriated in the warmth of the room, the comfort of the chair in which he sat. He was not a sybarite by nature, but he was ill and sad and felt vaguely soothed and consoled by his surroundings. His eye roved from the flowers at his elbow to the graceful little figure in the armchair. The light of the fire just caught the gold of her hair till it shone like a glory around her head; the jewels at her neck and wrists and on her white fingers sparkled with many colored lights. Harding was in some ways an unsophisticated man. It did not occur to him that Mrs. Vandeleur's pose was assumed for effect or that the soft rosy and white of her complexion was less due to nature than to art. He looked at her so fixedly, so admiringly, that Laura at last turned almost nervous beneath the gaze, and in order to break the silence asked him what he was looking at.

"At you," he answered at once. "I was thinking how beautiful you are. You will pardon the freedom of an old friend, I hope. And how different—from some women!"

"Different?" said Laura, with a smile. "You know how to be a true friend; you do not pretend and mislead—what am I saying? You must not mind what I say. Laura, I am not well. This touch of fever!"

"Is it all fever?" she asked gently, bending toward him. "Is there not also some grief, some anxiety?"

"You have heard?" he said suddenly. "I have heard nothing. I only guess. Some one has wronged you, deceived you?"

"It was my own fault," Harding answered bitterly. "I injured her in days gone by, and she has never forgiven me. She refused me, three weeks ago, and gloried in the pain she made me suffer."

"Then she must be a brute," said Mrs. Vandeleur. Her hands tightened

their grasp on one another and a light came into her eyes. "You are well rid of her, Maurice. She must be a hard hearted woman. Can you not content yourself with your true friends?"

Harding was silent for a moment or two, then uttered a sort of groan which made Mrs. Vandeleur wince as she heard it. "I loved her," he said from under the hand with which his eyes were covered.

"Are you the first person who has loved in vain?" said Laura in a steady voice. "Be a man, Maurice; brace your self a little. Don't spend your strength in mourning for a girl who has thrown you over, especially when it is only for the sake of a revenge."

"But she was right. I don't blame her."

Mrs. Vandeleur tightened her lips for a moment. Then her whole face relaxed, and she said in a voice of exquisite tenderness:

"Tell me all about it, you poor boy!"

The words seemed inappropriate to the bronzed face and manly figure of her visitor, and yet they fell like balm upon Harding's ear. Like every man, he forgot that Laura Vandeleur was a beautiful woman, younger than himself, and not without her own susceptibilities. He heard only the kindness of her tone and put it down to the innate motherliness of which he believed every woman to be possessed. He yielded his confidence at once. In a few broken sentences he told the story of his ill fated wooing, of Olwen's refusal of his proposal and her reason for hating him. "You see she had justice on her side," he ended gloomily, with a heavy sigh. "One can hardly expect a woman to forgive such an insult, such an injury, as I inflicted upon her."

"Perhaps not," said Mrs. Vandeleur softly. "Women feel these things so deeply, you see. Evidently Miss Dare is not a person who forgives very easily. Surely it would be better to put her on of your mind altogether, Maurice. Other women exist who like you, whom you have not injured!"

She paused, a little ashamed of herself. For a moment it seemed to her as if she had absolutely proposed to him to marry her, but it had evidently not struck Harding in that light. He shook his head despairingly. "I shall never love another woman. I never saw one who touched me if the least until I met Olwen Dare."

Laura bit her lip, but recovering herself almost instantly she spoke with resolute cheerfulness.

"There is one point I want to have quite clear, Maurice. Lionel Boddard is your ward, I know, but words are not often so submissive to their guardians as he seems to have been."

"His father had left me supreme control over him until he should be 25 years old. I could have cut off his income entirely for a time. With some men the threat of doing this would have been powerless, but Lionel hated exertion or hardship of any kind. After a little futile resistance he gave way, especially when I impressed upon him the bad account I had heard of the girl—not Olwen Dare, as it turned out, but the woman in charge of the school where she was working."

"You were careless about your facts, Maurice."

"Yes, and she blames me—who would not?—for that. I was so anxious at the time, you see, to free him from the toils of an adventuresome, as I considered her, that I was ready to use any means that came to hand. I am punished now."

"So Lionel escaped, and afterward he went to Italy. You remember?"

"Yes, I think you once told me he met you there."

"He did. But I never told you, Maurice, all that I knew of him. Ultimately he died, as you know, from the effects of hard drinking and hard living. He began that downward career in Italy. Does this woman—this Olwen Dare—know the sort of man for whom she still cherishes a tendresse?"

"I don't suppose she does. I could not tell her, you know."

"No, I suppose not, but—some one else might."

"It would be no use. It is not only that she remembers Lionel, but also that she hates me."

"Ah!"

The long drawn intonation ended in a sigh. It was inscrutable, and Harding lifted his eyes to discover what it meant. He saw a lovely vision before him. The golden hair shone like the aureole of a saint around the sweet, pitying face, with its delicate coloring, its wonderful expressiveness of feature. He fancied that there was even a tear in the bewitching blue eyes. He had never seen Laura Vandeleur so entirely at her best.

It was a moment of weakness with him. He put out his hand impulsively. "Laura," he said, "you are a true friend. I know nobody like you. Won't you take pity on me and be my friend—always? You know how little I have to offer you, yet—there is only you who could in any way—"

To be continued.

Red, White and Blue Flower. A novel flower has been found at the isthmus of Tehuantepec. It has a faculty of changing its color during the day. In the morning it is white, when the sun is at its zenith red, and at night it is blue. The red, white and blue flower grows on a tree about the size of a guava tree, and only at noon does it give out any perfume.

## STORIES TOLD OF HENDERSON.

Showing the Personal Side of the Coming Speaker.

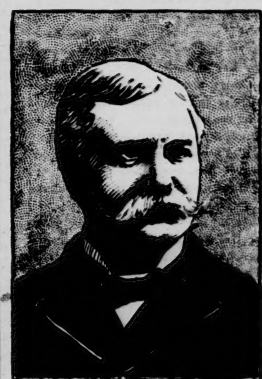
A well knit man with the shoulders of a soldier and the general build of an athlete, with iron gray hair and a curving, gray military mustache, is David Bremner Henderson, who is the probable successor of Thomas B. Reed to that office "with no peer and only one superior."

There are a few other notable personal characteristics about this man who has made such a remarkable canvass for the speakership. Although there have been some fine looking men on the floor of the house during his 16 years as a member, he has always been reckoned as among the best of them. While in no sense doddish in his dress, he is always well groomed. His fine head, clear, sparkling eyes and erect figure add the rest.

Few strangers in the galleries would ever pick out General Henderson as the one-legged Iowa veteran. Yet one of his carefully creased trousers legs conceals a wooden limb with which he patches out the stump the field surgeons left him when they had finished "fixing him up" after the battle of Corinth.

While General Henderson takes a reasonable pride in this honorable wound he is by no means content to hobble about on crutches. He manipulates his wooden leg very skillfully. He even dances on occasion, for he is fond of society.

The original amputation relieved him only of the foot, but since then he has



DAVID BREMNER HENDERSON. been three times under the surgeons' knives, and each time they have left the leg a little shorter.

Socially the leading candidate for the speakership's chair is a great favorite in congress. There are several reasons for this. In spite of the fact that General Henderson has always been a zealous party man and one who loved to mix in a hot debate, he has a knack of making and keeping friends.

The colonel often pours oratorical vitriol upon the Democrats of the house, but he is personally popular among them. In the midst of bitter remarks he takes out much of the sting by calling to his political opponents "brothers" in a conciliatory tone. When he has finished one of these speeches, he is likely to be seen going about on the Democratic side of the house putting his arms around the necks of congressmen and "brothering" up to them in a hearty, friendly manner. It is irresistible. Mr. Dooley would probably call him a "jollier."

In regard to his title the New York Sun said in a recent editorial:

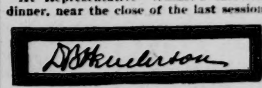
"We call him general because all his friends do. We believe that colonel is the highest military title which belongs to him legitimately. He entered the war as a private, served as a first lieutenant until his leg went to smash for the sake of the Union, and when the stump had partially healed he went back to the front as colonel and fought one legged till the question was settled. Nobody counts titles very closely in the case of a veteran with a record like Henderson's. General is none too good for him for everyday use."

He is one of the best story tellers in Washington. He has a fund of canny Scotch wit which has left its impress on the history of congress. He has always been an enthusiastic advocate of the free distribution of seeds by congressmen, and his constituents have been highly favored in this regard. His known fondness for a joke has made him the subject of considerable banter upon this line, and he has probably stood more ridicule upon the free seed fund than any other congressman.

One of Colonel Henderson's postal cards anent this topic, in a woman's handwriting, bore this message: "John's influence can't be great with 15 cents' worth of free seeds, but if you will send a box of hairpins I will look after him. His Wife."

Another communication read, "Why not let up on seeds for awhile and send jackknives?"

At Representative Walker's farewell dinner, near the close of the last session



GENERAL HENDERSON'S AUTOGRAPH. Of congress, General Henderson and "Private" John Allen of Mississippi kept the table in a row with their reputations. Henderson began by saying that there was one man in the Confederate army who had been so unfortunate as to meet, would have left less of him to return home than there was now. Allen replied that this was true, and they bantered each other on with their repartees. Henderson began by saying that there was one man in the Confederate army who had been so unfortunate as to meet, would have left less of him to return home than there was now. Allen replied that this was true, and they bantered each other on with their repartees. Henderson began by saying that there was one man in the Confederate army who had been so unfortunate as to meet, would have left less of him to return home than there was now. Allen replied that this was true, and they bantered each other on with their repartees.

Mr. Henderson's personal relations with the president will be closer than were those of ex-Speaker Reed. If evidence of this were wanting, it might be recalled that on one occasion he wound up a speech in favor of the administration with the impassioned exhortation: "And may God bless Little Mack!"

ALFRED R. ROWLEY.

## A SKILFUL PHYSICIAN

Could only give temporary relief to Mr. Parson, who suffered for thirteen years with KIDNEY DISEASE and BLADDER TROUBLE.

## DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS MADE HIM WELL.

Mr. A. W. Parson, Martinville, Que., writes: "I was a sufferer from kidney disease and bladder trouble for 13 years, and had a constant desire to urinate with its accompanying weakness. Medicine prescribed by a skillful physician only gave me temporary relief. The trouble would recur at very awkward times. I was persuaded to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I obtained relief after one dose, and before I had finished the first box felt better than I had for many years."

The abundance of evidence that is published from time to time must convince the most skeptical of the wonderful curative properties of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the world's greatest kidney cure. A trial is the only better proof we have to offer.

One pill a dose. Twenty-five cents a box, at all dealers, or EDMANSON, BATES & Co.,

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### JOB PRINTING

Our Job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1899.

### A GRAVE NUISANCE.

The Territorial Weed Inspector recently paid an official visit to certain parts of this district and his opinion regarding the weeds question is certainly anything but encouraging. The very luxuriant growth this year has given the weeds a fresh start, and unless the farmers declare war to the knife, it is to be feared that the story of certain parts of Manitoba and the prairie States will be repeated in our own district. Weeds are a sure sign of a good farm; but are also a sure sign of a bad farmer. The trouble is that there has been some very bad farming done on good farms. And what is more serious, the individual who does the bad farming is not the only one who suffers. His weeds are blown all over the district and his neighbors for miles around are affected. Stink weed, tumble weed and mustard are the most dangerous, the first mentioned being an especially persistent enemy of agriculture. The district in which it is allowed to obtain a firm foothold is doomed to years of perpetual annoyance and loss, and to eradicate it requires unceasing vigilance and warfare. The growth of weeds causes a loss to the farmer both in the yield of his fields and in the value of his product. It catches him at both ends, so to speak. Forty bushels of wheat cannot grow upon an acre of "dirty" ground, and wheat mixed with the seeds of weeds cannot rank as No. 1 hard. The invasion of a district by noxious weeds is just as inimical to the pockets of the farmers therein, as is the invasion of a nation by hostile foreigners dangerous to the peace and freedom of its inhabitants. Both invasions require to be met in the same spirit. Every farmer should declare war to the death on weeds, and follow his declaration by feats of arms (or implements) which will banish every vestige of weed from the soil. The weed refuses to be the servant. It will be master or nothing, and it takes it a very short time to attain the mastery over a careless farmer.

It regard to this important matter it is found, as has already been said, that the careful farmer is at the mercy of his careless neighbor. The seeds allowed to mature upon the land of one careless farmer, will render useless the warfare waged upon the pest by twenty careful neighbors. Thus the weeds have become of public interest and the North-West Assembly has therefore legislated against them. We have heard of a few farmers who have come to regard this legislation as a hardship, yet it is only by the strict observance or enforcement of the law that we are going to get rid of the nuisance. "What right has the Government to compel us to kill the weeds when it was the Government that first brought them in with the seed grain?" we have heard a farmer ask. In the first place, the N.W. Government did not import the weeds, and in the second place they have a right to compel the destruction of your weeds because of the effect upon your neighbor.

Another complaint which we have heard farmers make is that weeds on vacant lands are not looked after as they should. We are not prepared to say how much truth there is in this complaint, but we find that the Ordinance provides for the destruction of these at the owner's expense. This section of the law should be carried out to the letter in every case. Complaints have even reached us that the Government are not too particular in the observance of the Ordinance, but allow the stink weed, the tumble weed and the hare's ear mustard to grow and mature on the graded roads. We are not in a position so say that there is no cause for complaint in this respect, but the North-West Government should set the farmers an example in this matter by clearing the road.

It is probably a little late in the season to talk about noxious weeds. But there is another year coming, and the experi-

ence of other districts teaches us that the requirement for prompt action by all concerned for their own protection, whether in seed time or harvest, cannot be too strongly urged.

### IS IT ANOTHER COMBINE.

The Winnipeg Tribune says that it has information from what seems a reliable source that a plan is on foot to form an elevator association—or combine—similar to the one in force two or three years ago, but on a more thorough going basis. The plan is to embrace the big elevator companies and as many local dealers as possible. During the past two years the elevator men do not think that they have made enough of money, and the object of forming the combine, it is claimed, is to reduce expenses by taking off all buyers and allowing the farmer to drive to any elevator he wishes. Then all the wheat gathered will be turned into a central agency which will do all the selling and apportion the profits to the different concerns. Farmers will readily see that if the combine is formed they will not benefit by many "local jumps" next fall, as it can easily be made a powerful engine for bearing down prices in the country and thus making heaps of money for the elevator men. For instance, as the Tribune points out, if there are two elevators at a point, one owned by a company and the other by a local man, then it is stated as a possible arrangement that all grain purchased at that point would be evenly divided, so that there would be no object in the local man making a rustle to get business. That is if the local man took in 1,000 bushels and the combine 2,000 bushels they would divide up and each would be credited with handling 1,500 bushels. There would be no object in the local man trying to get more business because he would have to divide up with the combine. In this way an absolute flat rate would prevail all over and the whole grain business in the Canadian west would be one huge joint-partnership account. If all buyers are withdrawn and all elevator owners at a point are to receive equal credit for all grain brought into the station there will be no incentive to competition but on the contrary the lower prices can be depressed the larger will be the weekly or monthly cheques from the clearing house.

When the British Columbia Alien Law was before Parliament, some members demanded that the legislation excluding Japanese from the Province be allowed to take effect. Sir Wilfrid Laurier met this demand by a clear enunciation of the position of Canada in the matter. He pointed out that the Dominion was bound, as an integral portion of the Empire, to place Imperial considerations first. "It would not do," he said, "for us as British subjects only to sing 'God Save the Queen' and boast our connection at banquets and celebrations; we must also be prepared to make some sacrifices. I know I do not in this chamber utter sentiments that are mine alone when I say all should be prepared and ready to make every sacrifice which our Imperial connections may demand at our hands. If we are to share the glory and participate in the advantages we must also assume the duties, be ready for them and abide by them. These are the reasons which have actuated the Government in relation to this matter." This brief but emphatic declaration took the House by storm, and it may be safely asserted that the country will give an equally emphatic endorsement.

As will be seen by Our "Ottawa Letter" this week, success continues to attend the well-considered and statesmanlike efforts of the Federal Government to develop and strengthen those Imperial interests with which Canada is most closely and directly associated. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's latest triumph is the com-

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in Paints, Oils and Kalsomine.

Best Prices  
Going...

### Richard Bogue.

plete success of his efforts to induce the Imperial Government to assume its share of responsibility for the construction of the British cable. The average citizen is scarcely in a position to appreciate the tremendous difficulties that had to be met and overcome, for the vested interests which were threatened by the competition which the proposed line would create fought stubbornly, while the Little Englander objected to the project on principle, but Imperialism has triumphed over monopoly, and Mr. Chamberlain has again shown the breadth and far-sightedness of his policy by inducing his Government to accede to the demands of Canada and the Australian colonies and assume a full share of the liabilities to be incurred. Canada is indeed making rapid strides nowadays in the councils of the Empire.

The Sentinel, Toronto, the official organ of the Orange Association, has completed twenty-five years' continuous publication, and in honor of the event issued on the 27th July a special edition of sixteen pages. Eight pages are printed on beautiful toned paper, and are full of illustrations. Among the special articles are "Canada's Progress for Twenty-Five Years," by Nicholas Flood Davin, M.P.; "The Development of Imperialism," by J. Castelle Hopkins; "Progress of Education during the last Quarter Century," by James L. Hughes, Inspector Public Schools, Toronto; "Home Rule or Union," by Professor Goldwin Smith; "Twenty-five Years of Protestant Progress," by H. C. Hocken; "History of Orangism in Canada," by W. J. Wright, Brockville; "Progress of Orangism in the United States," by Robt. W. Johnston, Troy, N.Y., Supreme Grand Secretary; also biographical sketches and photogravures of many prominent members of the Order.

Since the commencement of the present year death has claimed seven of Canada's statesmen—four Senators and three members of the House of Commons. Senator Adams was followed by Senator Sutherland, and Senator Sutherland by Senator Boulton, and Senator

Boulton by Senator Sanford. The House of Commons lost first Mr. J. F. Wood, then Mr. Ives, then Mr. Geoffrion. If, says the Montreal Gazette, none of these were of commanding position, all were clever, capable men in their way, and all had won recognition for their merits by ability or character, or both. Remembering them and their work will help people to understand how many good men public life develops, and how much of the best that is in its good men the country gets the benefit of.

It appears that mange has gained a foothold in some parts of the North-West Territories, and some ranges are seriously affected by the disease. But the authorities are taking active measures to stamp it out, and an Order in Council has just been passed making regulations for the treatment and care of animals affected with the disease. A circular has been forwarded by the Dominion Government to the different mounted police stations throughout the country authorizing them to see that the regulations are strictly carried out. Owners of stock affected with the disease, who disregard the provisions of the order in council are liable to severe penalties. As far as we know, the live stock of this district is yet free of the disease, but "an ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure."

A correspondent at Ottawa writes:—Prorogation does not loom up quite as large as most of us would like, but in spite of the large amount of business still on the order paper and the disposition of some honorable gentlemen to keep on talking, the hope is strong that a few days will see the closing act performed and the blinds drawn down. The House is working full time now, with its coat off and its sleeves rolled up, morning, noon and night, and sometimes all night—this is the pace that kills, and the session never survives more than a week or two of such fun. The attendance is already thinning out, though it must be confessed that for the fifth month of the session the members are sticking to their guns manfully.

## "She Carries Her Heart on Her Sleeve"

What a boon to many a man or woman if this were literally so—How many spirits are broken because this particular organ is shackled by disease—and yet how many times has Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart brushed against the grim reaper and robbed him of his victim.

Diseases of the heart are by far the most treacherous of ailments which afflict humanity—ruthless to old and young alike—not insidious but violent, for when the heart fails the whole system suffers violence. Discussing causes here will not console the suffering one. The one great yearning of the heart-sickened patient is how to get relief and a cure. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart stands pre-eminently to-day as the star of hope to sufferers from heart trouble, and so far past the experimental period that thousands to-day proclaim, in no uncertain sound, the belief that were it not for this great remedy they would have long ago passed into the great beyond. Most eminent doctors, whose heart cases have baffled, have tested Dr. Agnew's claims, and to-day they prescribe it in their practice as the quickest and safest heart remedy known to medical science. What are the symptoms? Palpitation, fluttering, shortness of breath, weak and irregular pulse, swelling of feet and ankles, pain in the left side, chilly sensations, fainting spells, uneasiness in sleeping, dropsical tendency and as many more indications that the heart is deranged. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is a heart specific; and no case too acute to find relief from it inside of thirty minutes—a powerful cure.

Mrs. Jno. FRETWELL, of Gananoque, Ont., after having been treated by eminent physicians for heart disease of five years' standing, was discharged from the hospital as a hopeless incurable. She suffered from acute pain and palpitation, her feet and ankles swollen, and there was every tendency to the dropsical form of heart disease, but the lady procured Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart as she declared, as a last hope. One dose relieved her of a very acute spasm in less than thirty minutes, and three bottles cured her—not a symptom of the trouble remaining.

CONVICTED WILLIAM G. LUCAS, of the N. & W. R., and living at Hagarstown, Md., suffered for years with acute valvular form of heart disease—lost him many a "lay off" from his daily duties on the road, and he spent a small fortune in remedies and consulting with heart specialists in promise of a cure, and all ended in disappointment, until a good friend, who had been benefited, recommended Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. He tried it, and found it gave him relief and comfort almost immediately. He continued its use until a few bottles were taken, and to-day he is well and strong, and says, "Tell all heart sufferers that I one highly recommend this great remedy."

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT cures eczema, salt rheum, tetter, scald head and all itching skin diseases; cures piles in three to five nights. 25 cents.

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER relieves cold in the head or hay fever in ten minutes—will cure most stubborn and long standing catarrh cases quickly and permanently.

DR. AGNEW'S LIVER PILLS cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, torpid liver—clear the skin, 40 doses, 50 cents.

During a recent discussion in the House of Commons regarding the policy of the Department of Militia and Defence, the Minister took advantage of the opportunity offered and gave some interesting information regarding the Military College. Up to June 30th, 1898, 261 students had graduated from the college; of these, 88 were commanding in the Imperial service, 21 were commanding in the Canada permanent corps and the North-West Mounted Police, 20 were employed in engineering in Canada, 35 were engaged in commercial business, 4 were engineers in other British possessions, 12 were civil engineers in the United States, the occupations of 24 were unknown, and 7 were dead.

The Globe estimates that with the vacancies occurring in the Senate at the present ratio, four and one-third per year, the balance between the parties will be equalized in four years, as it must be remembered the appointment of each successive Liberal Senator makes a difference of two votes in the Conservative majority. While it is impossible to make anything more than an estimate, it is as nearly accurate as may be, to say that by the middle of 1903 the Senate will contain a majority of Liberals.

There is no joy in this world equal to the happiness of motherhood. A woman's health is her dearest possession. Good looks, good times, happiness, love and its continuance, depend on her health. Almost all of the sickness of women is traceable directly or indirectly to some derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Troubles of this kind are often neglected because a very natural and proper modesty keeps women away from physicians, whose insistence upon examination and local treatment is generally as useless as it is common. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will do more for them than 99 doctors in 100. It will do more than the hundredth doctor can unless he prescribes it. It is a prescription of Dr. R. V. Pierce, who for 30 years has been chief consulting physician of the Woman's Dispensary and Invalid's Hotel, at Buffalo, N.Y. Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser absolutely free.

### NO SUFFERING IN CAMP

From Dread Catarrh—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Kills the Disease Germs and Cures the Distressed Parties—Relieves in Ten Minutes.

Alt. Leblanc, of St. Gerome, Quebec, says he used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder for an acute case of catarrh in the head and it cured him. He has 125 men working under him in the lumbering camps, and what it has done for him it has done for many of them. He buys it for camp use and pins his faith to it as the quickest reliever for colds in the head, and surest cure for catarrh.

### Hear! Hear!

The Macleod Gazette analyses the question and falls in line with the "consistency" in the man who urges a newspaper to cry down the Chinese and the eastern departmental stores and to advise home dealing and support of home institutions, and who at the same time, if he has a \$5, or \$10 or \$20 job of printing to do, sends it to some down east printer and saves a few cents over the cost of home production. "Consistency, thou art a jewel," and somewhere in the setting of the jewel you should find the struggling, patriotic, home-serving western printer.—Medicine Hat News.

### Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling

Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly and cures tetter, salt rheum, scald head, eczema, ulcers, blotches, and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all baby humors, irritation of the scalp or rashes during teething time. 35 cents.

## THE BIRKBECK SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY.

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Local Board:—Con Leary, President; W. J. Congrave, Vice President; H. Jagger, Director; J. W. Ferguson, Valuator. Straight Loans. Yearly Payments 8 per cent. Monthly Payments 5 1/4 per cent. Will assist you to purchase or build a home, permitting payments in easy monthly instalments just as you now pay rent.

Seymour Green, Secretary and Agent.

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SW.....	24	15	25	"
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SE.....	24	17	26	"
NE.....	12	18	26	"
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W. B. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. LL.B. Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, & Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada. Bellamy Block Moose Jaw Assn.

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T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, Etc. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose St., Regina.

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The Farmers' Commercial Union.

Regular meetings of the Farmer's Commercial Union will be held in the Orange Hall, Caron, on the Friday on or before the full moon in each month, at 7 o'clock p.m. SAMUEL GETTY, President; Z. BATTLE, Sec.-Treasurer.

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Oxford Stoves and Ranges.

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## Church Directory.

### BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. G. W. Young.  
Services—Sunday, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-  
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.  
All are cordially invited.

### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Thursday, Prayer  
Meeting, 7:30.  
Everybody welcome.

### METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. O. Darwin.  
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11  
a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.;  
E. L. of C. E. Monday evening at 8 p.m.;  
Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8  
o'clock.  
The public are cordially invited. All  
seats free.

### CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST. (ANGELICAN.)

Rector—Rev. J. S. Chivers, A.K.C.  
Services—Sunday, Celebration of Holy  
Communion at 8 o'clock on I, III and V Sun-  
days in month; Matins, Litany and Sermon  
at 11 a.m.; Celebration after Matins II and  
IV Sunday; Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.;  
Evening and Sermon at 7 p.m. Matins  
daily at 10 a.m. Evening daily at 5 p.m.;  
Prayer at 7:30 p.m.  
All seats free. Everybody welcome. Hymns  
Ancient and Modern are used.

## THE LAST DAYS.

### THE LONG SESSION DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

The Alaskan Boundary Dispute  
is Certainly Not Very En-  
couraging Just Now—The  
Pacific Cable Now Assured  
—The Agricultural Depart-  
ment Doing Good Work.

Ottawa, July 29.—The position of the  
Alaskan Boundary dispute is certainly  
not very encouraging just now, for as the  
Premier had to admit to Parliament on  
Saturday, "At this moment, in the last  
days of the month of July, the question  
is not perhaps any more advanced to-  
wards settlement than it was in January."  
The situation has been made pecu-  
liarly difficult by an unprecedented combina-  
tion of circumstances. The terms of the  
treaty under which the States acquired  
possession from Russia in 1825 were  
admittedly indefinite, but it had never  
seemed worth while to bother about  
coming to an agreement as to its meaning,  
for the territory in dispute had not been  
looked upon as worth anything at all by  
either Great Britain or the States until  
the gold discoveries in the Canadian  
Yukon three years ago.

AMERICA HOLDS A DECIDED ADVANTAGE  
in the absence of an all-Canadian route  
into the country, so that no adequate  
means of ingress was possible except by  
favor of the Americans. The Imperial  
authorities appear to have failed to  
realize the immense importance to Can-  
ada of direct communication with the sea  
board, and when American journalists  
with characteristic assurance and enter-  
prise undertook to load up British public  
opinion against Canada in the columns  
of the London press, they found those  
columns altogether too easy of access.  
Added to all this, Canadian statesmen  
have had to meet the usual American  
methods which appear to recognize ex-  
pediency as the first law of nations, for  
it is difficult to disabuse the mind of the  
feeling that American diplomats, com-  
ing, as they do, so directly in contact  
with the baser elements of the electorate  
give little weight to any consideration of  
principle, but strive first, last and all the  
time to carry their contentions rough-  
shod with no regard to the equity of the  
equity of their claims.

Unusual interest has been created not  
only in Canada but throughout the Em-  
pire and in the States by the observations  
which fell from

THE LEADERS ON BOTH SIDES  
when the matter was brought before the  
House by Sir Charles Tupper last Satur-  
day. Sir Charles was anxious for a much

Of all the  
bereavements  
which are pos-  
sible to a home,  
the loss of a child  
is perhaps the most  
disappointing,  
and the heaviest  
to bear. During  
the heated spell  
in the summer  
in New York City  
as many as a thou-  
sand babies have  
died in a week.  
Of course, in a  
crowded city,  
with its unsani-  
tary districts,  
many of these  
deaths would  
have occurred  
anyway. The  
fact remains that this tremendous mortality  
is to a great extent due to the lack of  
inherent resisting power in the victims.  
These babies when born had in their bodies  
the seeds of disease. The deadly bac-  
teri-  
um which shortened the period of their  
sufferings.

If a woman wishes her babies to be  
healthy and strong and able to resist the  
usual ailments of childhood, she must take  
proper care of herself in a womanly way  
during the period of gestation. A woman  
who suffers from weakness and disease of  
the organs distinctly feminine is unfitted  
for motherhood. Dr. Pierce's  
Prescription is a wonderful medi-  
cine for ailing women. It acts directly on  
the delicate and important organs con-  
cerned. It makes them well and strong.  
It always infuses vitality, builds up the  
soother pain, stops exhausting drains and  
gives rest and tone to the tortured nerves.  
Thousands of women have testified to its  
almost miraculous results. Many of them  
have permitted their names, addresses,  
experiences and photographs to be repro-  
duced in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medi-  
cal Adviser. This great book used to sell  
for \$1.50, now it is absolutely free. It tells  
all about the home-treatment of ordinary  
diseases. It contains 100 pages, and over  
300 illustrations. Several chapters are de-  
voted to the diseases of women. For a  
paper-covered copy send 31 one-cent stamps,  
to cover cost of customs and mailing  
only, to the World's Dispensary Medical  
Association, Buffalo, N. Y.; Cloth binding,  
50 cents. "Favorite Prescription" is sold  
by all druggists.

more aggressive policy from this out. He  
cordially endorsed the policy thus far  
followed by the Government, and ex-  
pressed his regret that six months ago,  
when not in possession of full information,  
he had been led to adversely criticise it,  
but now he realized that the attitude  
of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues  
had been thoroughly Canadian, dignified  
and statesmanlike, and he pledged the  
heart support of the Conservative party  
thereto. He felt, however, that the Im-  
perial Government had not fully realized  
Canada's position nor the vital import-  
ance of supporting her along the line,  
venturing the opinion that had she been  
dealing with France or any other  
country than the United States, she  
would have taken a much firmer stand  
and shown far less consideration. He  
thought that at least Canada herself  
should prepare for all eventualities, and  
to do this he proposed to the Govern-  
ment that a bill should be put through  
the House providing for the construction  
of a railway through all-Canadian terri-  
tory from some British Columbian sea-  
port to Dawson City, and a second bill  
providing for

THE PROHIBITION OF ALL FOREIGNERS  
from holding property in the Yukon or  
working claims there. Neither of these  
measures, Sir Charles added, need be put  
into force immediately, but would remain  
under the statute book available at any  
time by Order-in-Council. It is exceed-  
ingly unfortunate that the leader of the  
Opposition was not able to see the situa-  
tion in this light fifteen months ago,  
and thus precipitated the Senate from re-  
jecting the measure, that would have  
accomplished what he now desires,—the  
placing of Canada in possession of an all-  
Canadian railway to Dawson City.

The Prime Minister met Sir Charles  
Tupper's advances with much tact and  
good feeling, and having acknowledged  
the satisfaction it gave him to receive  
even this tardy endorsement of the policy  
of his Government agreed that there was  
considerable cause for the decided and  
somewhat pugnaconic position that the  
worthy baronet had taken. He however  
declared that he had not lost all hope of  
arriving at a satisfactory settlement, and  
counselled Parliament and the country  
to be patient a few months longer, con-  
scious of the strength and justice of  
their position. There is no question but  
that the country has explicit confidence  
in her representatives, and will be ready  
to accept the Premier's advice in spite of  
the provocation to hostile action she has  
received from Washington.

### THE PACIFIC CABLE.

The Bill committing Canada to her  
share of the costs and responsibilities of  
constructing the Pacific cable is pass-  
ing through the House, its introduction  
following an interesting discussion upon  
the resolutions by the Postmaster-Gen-  
eral. It was pleasant to witness during  
the course of the debate, and for the  
second time in four days, the Opposition  
leader and a number of his followers  
warmly approving the policy of the Gov-  
ernment. Whether the age of the ses-  
sion is bringing about the mellowing in-  
fluence which is generally considered  
characteristic of length of days, or what-  
ever may be the cause, the effect is grati-  
fying, and is to be hoped that it may con-  
tinue at least for the balance of the  
present session.

It must be a matter of unusual satis-  
faction to the Government that the suc-  
cess of this Pacific cable project is now  
practically assured, for it has had a  
checkered experience in the past, and  
actively short time since it came into  
the arena of practical politics. The sister  
colonies of Australasia have been heartily  
in accord with Canada from the start,  
but the more important support of the  
Imperial Government was for a time  
withheld and it was not until the impos-  
sibility of an absolute deadline was in-  
vitable. Better councils prevailed, however,  
largely owing to the direct influence of Can-  
ada's representatives with the Imperial  
authorities, and now that the force of  
legal enactment is being given to Can-  
ada's share of the enterprise, with the  
added prestige of the unanimous consent  
of Parliament, it is not conceivable that  
any further difficulties will hamper or  
hinder the energetic prosecution and  
early completion of the work.

### THE AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

A useful debate took place when the  
estimates of the Agriculture Depart-  
ment were under consideration. Where  
so much activity has been shown in de-  
veloping the work of the Department as  
has been the case under the present  
Minister, there must necessarily be much  
opportunity for criticism, for as Whit-  
comb Riley observes,  
"I've allus noticed great success  
Is mixed with troubles more or less,  
And it's the man who does the best  
That gets more kicks than all the rest."  
"For the first time on record," observed  
Mr. McMillan, the farmer member from  
South Huron, in the course of a speech,  
"they had a practical farmer as Minister  
of Agriculture." Under Mr. Fisher, the  
speaker declared, great improvements  
are being made, though there is room for  
many more still. Considerable oppo-  
sition developed to the illustration stations  
which were inaugurated last fall by the  
Minister. Members on both sides of the  
House who opposed the idea in general  
farming, rather illogically advocated it  
in connection with the cultivation of to-  
bacco. With his accustomed readiness  
to avail himself of the advice and ex-  
perience of practical men, the Minister  
held over the item in the estimates to  
give an opportunity of further enquiry  
and consultation.

### LIKE A PROSPEROUS MERCHANT.

The final supplementary estimates  
which have been brought down by Mr.  
Fielding will bring the estimated running  
expenses of Canada ending June 30,  
1900, up to the total of \$51,783,886, which  
is \$3,883,408 greater than last year, though  
the increase is far from being in propor-  
tion to the rapid growth of revenue and  
of course a great outlay will be made on  
account of this increase and once more  
shall we have the assertion that the Gov-  
ernment is going back upon all its anti-  
election promises of economy and re-  
trenchment. But the critics who quote  
Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Richard Cart-  
wright and others, having declared un-  
der the last election that the country  
would be run for much less and that the  
then expenditure was not justifiable under  
the circumstances, know perfectly well  
that this contention was called for by  
the results obtained; what the country  
was getting was absolutely too little in  
return for the expenditure, and for the  
income the output was too heavy.

The objection was to the hundreds of  
thousands of dollars that were being  
stolen by dishonest contractors and cor-  
rupt partisans for party and personal  
purposes. Nothing of this kind is even  
hinted at now. Every dollar that is being  
spent or is asked for is being honestly  
used where it will produce the best  
results for the country. The Govern-  
ment is in exactly the position of a pros-  
perous merchant who, finding his busi-  
ness growing and his resources develop-  
ing, decides to spend more money in  
order that he may be able to take full  
advantage of the increasing business  
that is coming his way. The critic who  
would tell that merchant that he was  
reckless or extravagant because of his  
carefully considered and judiciously  
managed increased expenditure would  
probably be told that he did not know  
what he was talking about, and possibly  
that is the most charitable view to take  
of certain critics of the Government just  
now.

### Masonic Donation to Winnipeg Hospital.

The acting honorary secretary-treasur-  
er of the Winnipeg General Hospital ac-  
knowledges the receipt of a very hand-  
some donation amounting to the sum of  
\$727.90, being a contribution from the  
various Masonic lodges connected with  
the Grand Lodge of Manitoba, the sum  
of \$430.15 having been contributed by  
lodges in the city of Winnipeg, and the  
sum of \$297.75 by lodges outside the city  
in the province of Manitoba and the Ter-  
ritories. This donation has been sub-  
scribed for the special purpose of fur-  
nishing one of the general wards in the  
new Jubilee addition to the general hos-  
pital. A small tablet will be placed in  
the ward showing that the same was  
furnished by subscriptions received  
from the members under the jurisdiction  
of the Grand Lodge of Manitoba.

### Caron.

Caron, July, 25th, 1899.—Mr. Chas.  
Colenutt spent a week in our midst and  
has returned to his ranch at "Blue Rock"  
near Parkburg. He reports a lot of water  
in the sloughs, consequently haying will  
be late.—The dry, hot weather of a week  
ago has given place to showery weather  
and the farmers are in high spirits, ex-  
cept those who had commenced haying,  
and they are looking rather down in the  
mouth.—Our football players are prac-  
ticing twice a week and are preparing for  
action again as they hear that the Bohem  
team is likely to drift this way after the  
leaves they lose at the end of August, and  
summer-fallowing are completed for  
this season, and the majority have either  
started haying or are preparing to start.  
The hay is pretty plentiful on the prairie  
and most likely there will be a lot of  
"prairie wool" put up.—W. J. Vicary,  
who is away on the surfacing gang, was  
home on a visit last Sunday. The bridge  
men have the bridge completed over the  
creek west of here and everything is in  
good shape once more.—Quite a number  
are living on the luxuries of the land  
just now—green peas, beans and new  
potatoes fill the bill of fare.—Mrs. Flack  
is in receipt of a letter from her husband,  
Mr. S. Flack, who went to the hospital  
at Medicine Hat for treatment some time  
ago, and who is improving quite fast.

### Eastview.

Eastview, July 27.—News has lately  
been checked from the Dauphin, Man., in-  
forming us of the death of Robert Wroe,  
formerly a resident of this place. The  
particulars of his sad death are not  
definitely known, but from what we have  
learned it appears he had injured himself  
while lifting in such a manner that an  
internal rupture was the result. In  
order to obtain proper treatment he was  
sent to the Winnipeg, where, while under-  
going the operation, he succumbed to the  
dread monster. Deceased was well  
known in this district, having emigrated  
with his wife and family from England  
in 1892. He homesteaded in this town-  
ship, but after six years of farming here  
decided to try his luck in the Dauphin  
country and moved thither in October  
last. Deceased was in his forty-third  
year and up to the time of his death had  
always enjoyed good health. He leaves  
a wife and five small children to mourn  
his loss. The news of his sudden and  
untimely death has cast a gloom over the  
entire community, and the bereaved wife  
and family have our sincere sympathy in  
their sad affliction.

### For Indigestion Get Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets at the Drug- gist's for 35c. a Box of Sixty Tablets.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

1. By neutralizing the excess of acid  
in the stomach.  
2. By exciting the natural accumula-  
tion and action of the digestive fluids in  
the stomach—  
3. By vitalizing all the organs on which  
your health and comfort depends for the  
proper digestion and assimilation of food.  
4. And by their tonic action upon the  
stomach, bowels and liver—through the  
blood, Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets  
accomplish these remarkable results in  
all cases of dyspepsia and indigestion.  
5. Most cases are cured with one box.  
Sold at all druggists for 35 cents—sixty  
tablets in a box.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets  
encourage you to eat what you like,  
and they correct indigestion in a natural way.  
They relieve distress in an instant.

### PLUNGED TO HIS DEATH.

Insidious Disease Lurks Everywhere.

A bright young man in Grey County,  
Ontario, thoughtfully plunged into the  
lake at a summer resort when the blood  
was above the normal heat. The shock  
stopped the kidneys work. Poisons which  
should have been carried off were cir-  
culated through the system. Dropsy was  
the result, and one bright autumn the  
morning bade good-bye to the door, and  
promising young life was snuffed out. He  
trusted himself to skilled physicians, but  
they failed to do what South American  
Kidney Cure would have done. It clears,  
heals and puts and keeps the kidneys in  
perfect action. A specific for all kidney  
ailments.

OFFICIAL THE CANADIAN GUIDE, 50

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### What's the Stuff?

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faction guaranteed.

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Quebec, Que. ....  
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Deposits received and general banking  
business transacted.  
Interest allowed on saving and special  
deposits.  
Drafts sold, available at all points in Can-  
ada, United States and England.  
G. A. FISHER, Sub-Manager.

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A delicious summer drink.  
Have comfort in your  
homes by using Tangle-  
foot.

## E. L. COLLING.

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### MOOSE JAW, N. W. T.

## 150 Young Pigs for Sale!

25.00 PER PAIR.

From my thoroughbred Yorkshire  
boar, "The Earl of Treesbank."

### Cash with order....

R. H. W. HOLT,

Feed wheat wanted. Proprietor.  
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Five per cent. interest allowed on Deposit accounts.  
Current accounts conducted on favorable terms.  
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The undersigned wishes to  
announce that he has leased  
the River Street stables  
from Mr. G. M. Annible,  
and is now conducting a  
livery, feed and sale busi-  
ness, and is prepared to  
furnish first-class rigs and  
good driving horses on  
shortest notice. Draying  
done to all parts of the  
town at moderate charges.  
Horses and cattle bought  
and sold on commission.  
A share of your patronage  
respectfully solicited.

## Jos. E. Battell.

## Implement Snaps.

One McCormick Binder,  
One Toronto Mower,  
One Brantford Mower.

We are offering the above second  
hand implements for sale  
at a bargain.

The binder is nearly new and the  
mowers are in first class  
working order.

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Agent for the best wagons  
and carriages made.

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Lakes Superior—Beaver Line.....Aug. 30  
Lakes Huron—Beaver Line.....Sept. 6  
FROM NEW YORK.  
Mongolian—Allan Line.....Aug. 19  
Nemidian—Allan Line.....Sept. 2  
St. Paul—American Line.....Aug. 16  
New York—American Line.....Aug. 23  
St. Louis—American Line.....Aug. 30  
St. Paul—American Line.....Sept. 6  
Kennington—Red Star Line.....Aug. 16  
Nordland—Red Star Line.....Aug. 23  
Friesland—Red Star Line.....Aug. 30  
Southark—Red Star Line.....Sept. 6  
Britannic—White Star Line.....Aug. 16  
Majestic—White Star Line.....Aug. 23  
Germanic—White Star Line.....Aug. 30  
Testonic—White Star Line.....Sept. 6

Cabin, \$50, \$62.50, \$80, \$70, \$90 and up-  
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### FOR SALE.

Good boat and boat house for sale. Ap-  
ply to J. E. KERR. 4-6p.

Three cows, good milkers, for sale at  
moderate price. Stable next to Mr.  
Kent's, High St. Apply to ARTHUR  
L. Davis, Moose Jaw.

## Frank J. Grobb,

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ers and Steel Rakes; Sylvester  
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## SOUTH AFRICAN NEWS

### REPORT THAT OOM PAUL HAS NOT RESIGNED.

### The Boer Parliament Has the Utmost Confidence in Its President Though It Differs With His Policy.

Cape Town, July 26.—Advices have been received here confirming the report that President Kruger, of the South African Republic, has resigned. Later advices are to the effect that President Kruger has definitely abandoned the idea of resigning.

Pretoria, July 26.—Amicable relations between the volksraad and President Kruger have been restored. The conspiracy case against ex-British officers has been withdrawn, and the remaining prisoners were released today.

London, July 27.—According to the Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail, President Kruger's resignation is regarded as a move to create a crisis for the purpose of tidying over the interval until the rainy season begins. The correspondent says that the Dutch extremists ascribe it to a deep British game for the pensioning of President Kruger in order to allow the seizure of the country.

London, July 26.—Reports regarding the resignation of President Kruger, of the South African Republic, are conflicting, but according to the best information he actually resigned his office conditionally. The volksraad, while maintaining its opposition to President Kruger's views on the dynamite concession, has given its assurance that it still had the utmost confidence in President Kruger, and it is believed he has withdrawn his resignation.

### A MONTREAL BANK CLOSED.

Owing to the Defalcation of Two of Its Employees the Ville Marie Bank Closes.

Montreal, July 26.—The Ville Marie bank is in financial difficulties, and closed its doors yesterday. The cause of the suspension is reported by bank officials to be the defalcation by Accountant P. Lemieux, and Teller J. J. Herbert. Both men are said to have left the city, and their books are now being examined to discover the amount of their shortage.

The bank is comparatively a small one and the results are not likely to be of a serious nature. The president is William Weir, who is well and favorably known in banking circles through out the Dominion.

The amount of the defalcation is now said to be \$58,000. Herbert is accused of taking the money while Lemieux is suspected of being an accomplice. Requests will be sent out to the leading United States cities to arrest the men if they can be located. It is now stated on good authority that banking circles have known of the bank's troubles since the first of the week, and that they have been proceeding with a view of protecting themselves, with the result that there was a balance against the Bank Ville Marie in the clearing house today of about \$75,000. In view of the circumstances the directors decided not to go on today and the bank suspended business. It also seems that Lemieux and Herbert admitted on Saturday last that there was a defalcation, but it was not known then how much it was.

Some of the bank officials say the shortage of Herbert and Lemieux amounts to \$50,000. Rumor places it as high as \$80,000. The banking act allows the bank ninety days in which to ascertain the position of its affairs. Conflicting rumors are afloat regarding the liability of the bank apart from the loss by theft. Detectives are hot foot after the two missing men. It is said that one of them has not left the city.

### Two Toronto Men Disappear.

Toronto, July 26.—Last night at a quarter after 10 o'clock, Eddie Day, the steward of the Royal Canadian Yacht club, and Harvey Pettit, of the crew of the Vreda, took a canoe and went out on the bay to paddle. They went westward, and soon a couple of fishermen at the breakwater, south of the freight sheds, heard calls for help. Soon after 11 o'clock the canoe was found empty, upset, and one paddle missing. A searching search was made. Today developing the fact that Pettit had told his friends that he and a chum were going to Ireland, and had bought tickets for Alexandria Bay, whence they were going to Montreal to take ship. The price mentioned and the circumstances point to their having boarded the steamer Argyle, which left for Alexandria last night. The reason assigned for their leaving in such a manner is Day's scruples about giving a month's notice. Pettit has resigned his job on the Vreda. The authorities are still dragging the bay.

### MUST HAVE THE MONEY.

London, July 26.—Lieut. Col. Holmes, D.O.C., makes a peremptory demand on the city for the payment of \$3,400 on account of the pay and maintenance of active militia called out to aid the civil power. He threatens legal proceedings in the event of failure to pay. The committee which takes charge of the matter has instructions to communicate with the minister of militia to delay proceedings.

Eddie Day and Harvey Pettit, two Toronto men, have mysteriously disappeared, and it is feared they are drowned.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Wednesday, July 26.

A cyclone wrecked houses in La Parte, Ind. Champion pugilist Jeffries is going to Europe. The tailors' strike in New York is spreading.

George Götter escaped from the Winnipeg jail. F. Whaley, of Toronto, was drowned at Port Dalhousie.

Russia and Japan are both aiming for a conflict in Korea. D. B. Mann will go to Asia on prospective railway contracts.

The value of wheat in Manitoba is placed at \$2,000,000. A lawn tennis tournament will take place in Brandon during August.

Mr. Heintzmann, a prominent piano manufacturer of Toronto, is dead. Americans believe the Alaskan boundary dispute will yet end in a compromise.

Mexican Indians are in a state of revolt, and have murdered the late U. S. consul.

Over 1,000 soldiers arrived in Cleveland yesterday to suppress strike troubles.

Nine hundred employees of the Canada Copper Co. at Sudbury, have gone out on strike.

J. A. Richardson, of Winnipeg, was sent up for trial on a charge of embezzlement.

An "at home" was given at Government House, Winnipeg, to the visiting cricketers.

Queen Victoria has underwent successful treatment for her eyesight during the past ten weeks.

Lieut. Col. Holmes has demanded payment from London, Ont. city council for militia services.

The great lines of the agreement between the colonies and Britain on the Pacific cable have been arranged.

The largest gold bearing body of ore in Canada was found at Patricia Bay, near the Mikado peninsula, Lake of the Woods.

## THE BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

An American Opinion on the Question of Arbitration.

Washington, July 26.—Inasmuch as the Canadian officials have laid stress upon the refusal of the United States to accept fair arbitration of the pending questions, it may be proper to explain the reason for their refusal as pointed out by a high official. In the first place, the United States government contended absolutely, being certain of the soundness of its claims in the matter of the boundary. That would seem to be a good reason for submitting the matter to arbitration on the ground that a good cause had nothing to fear from fair arbitrators, but this government holds that arbitrators' treatment is all subject to the fatal weakness of compromise. In one case any compromise would amount to the loss of our whole contention. It was for this reason that Secretary Hay rejected the Canadian proposal to arbitrate, attended by the contingent that in any case Pyramid Harbor should be bestowed on Canada. Then, too, it was realized that an agreement to arbitrate may be extremely unpopular in the west, that the officials will be glad to adjust the matter without resort to arbitration, if possible. This has caused a revival of the project to allow Canada free privileges at some specified points on the Lynn Canal, Dyea, Skagway or Pyramid Harbor, perhaps while allowing sovereignty over them to remain in the United States, and this is one of the propositions now engaging our attention. It is realized that this plan would meet with strong opposition from that element which favors no concession whatever to Canada.

## ALTA GOLD OUTPUT.

Skagway, Alaska, July 19, via Seattle, Wash., July 26.—Gold dust amounting to \$130,000 came in by train from Altin. The shipment is made by the Altin branch of the Merchants Bank of Halifax. Mr. Botsford, travelling auditor of the bank, had with him an assortment of nuggets, the largest of which was 16 ounces of pure gold.

Hundreds of claims are idle owing to disputes and hundreds of others are idle because the owners did not care to go on them while the close season lasted. It is believed, however, that the season will be opened August 1 and during the next two months the output will be a surprise.

## MANITOBIANS IN KLONDIKE.

Vancouver, July 26.—Mr. W. H. Rourke arrived this morning from Klondike and went east this afternoon. He has had a very fortunate season in the north and besides doing his regular contracting work has secured several good claims. He says that the Winnipeg contingent have been fortunate to a man in the north and most of them are getting along so well that they are not thinking of coming out, at least just now. Geo. MacLeod and Archie McMuray have particularly prosperous looking holdings. Macfarlane is also doing well and he is thinking of coming home in a few weeks. The "Colonel" is going to Ottawa, spending a few days in Winnipeg on the way, and will be back here again on his way north in a couple of weeks.

Windsor, July 26.—William Wood, the 25 year old son of Abraham Wood, a farmer of Sandwich West, ten miles from here, cut his throat with a razor early this morning while in bed. His mother heard screams and came up the stairs and roused her husband, who was sleeping in another bed in the same room. They found the young man bathed in blood; his jugular vein was cut.

Managua, Nicaragua, July 26.—President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, has gone to meet General Sierra, president of Honduras, in the Gulf of Conchos, on the coast of Salvador, with the object of making an offensive and defensive treaty between Nicaragua and Honduras.

San Francisco, July 26.—The transport Tarrar sailed today for Manila with Gen. Joe Wheeler, a portion of the 19th infantry, and a number of recruits for the army in the Philippines on board.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Tuesday, July 25.

Italy has added four new battleships to her navy. Preparations are active in Rennes for the breeches trial.

A successful operation was performed in Paris on Mr. Taris.

Bertram, the Canadian, won the Challenge Trophy at Biscay.

In Greater New York 7,000 tailors have gone out on strike.

W. F. Doh was arrested in New York for ringing up extra car fares.

D. H. McQuinn, M. P. P., was renominated by Emerson Conservatives.

The messenger boys of the Postal Telegraph Company, N. Y., have struck.

Admiral Dewey is in good health and has accepted New York's invitation.

President Shaugnessy states a line may be built to Yukon by the C. P. R.

Portions of India are suffering from want of rain, and the plague is dangerous.

Many immigrants are expected in Commissioner McKinney from the States this fall.

J. A. Richardson, who was extradited from St. Paul, is on trial in Winnipeg.

The demand for harvest laborers in Manitoba will be very great this season.

The British government holds out no hope for clemency in Mrs. Maybrick's case.

All available troops in Cleveland have been called out owing to the strike riots.

Mr. Tarte may be made a commander of the Legion of Honor by President Loubet.

Reports of deaths on the Edmonton trail are confirmed by travellers arriving at Dawson.

Much fruit is perishing in New York owing to the freight handlers' strike on the P. and L. E. line.

No statement on the Newfoundland question will be made this session in the British house of commons.

Rev. Prof. Ross, of Montreal, said the Dominion government was right in not passing a prohibition measure.

## W. BANNING DEAD.

He Was Found in a Dying Condition on a Hillside Near Republic, Wash.

Republic, Wash., July 25.—W. W. Banning, of Winnipeg, was found on the hillside near Republic at 4 o'clock yesterday, with two wounds in the right side of his head, made apparently with some blunt instrument. He died at 11 o'clock last night without having spoken. An inquest was held today and a verdict returned that deceased came to his death at the hands of some person unknown. There is no clue as yet to the murderer. No reason can be assigned for the deed. It robbery was intended the murderer was evidently frightened away, as two watches and \$86 were found on his person. An investigation is being made.

## ALASKAN BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

London, July 25.—Commenting upon the debate in the Canadian parliament on Saturday re Alaskan boundary, the St. James Gazette today says:

"The brisk air of the United States and Canada is conducive to strong words, which would never pass the lips of an European statesman until the point to mobilize was on the point of issue. Nobody thinks of war in connection with the Canadian-American dispute. Yet, since it is we, who will have to fight if Canada makes a quarrel, we must plead with one of our fellow subjects to use a quieter style. If Sir Charles Tupper's words mean anything, he desires the presentation of an ultimatum, which could only mean war. Sir Wilfrid Laurier though calm, was tolerably emphatic. As things are now going we are drifting to a very serious diplomatic collision with the United States, which Great Britain is earnestly anxious to avoid."

## LONGER HOURS WANTED.

New York, July 25.—Six hundred pressers employed in the garment trade struck work yesterday and organized a union. They claim that their number will be doubled today and that 7,000 more garment workers will strike for higher wages. Piece workers demand an increase of 20 per cent. while workmen want an increase of 15 per cent.

The interesting point of the strike is the demand of the men that they may work fifty-nine hours a week instead of fifty, as at present. They say they want to work up to the limit of the ten hour law as they can make more money.

## KICKED TO DEATH.

Vancouver, July 25.—John McDonald walked out of jail on Saturday and into King's saloon. McDonald is a professional vag. He was disgusted with himself and the world. He asked for a drink, but the bartender, one Berryman, refused him. He threw a mug at the bartender and smashed a mirror. Berryman threw the tramp down and kicked him. McDonald said he was hurt and could not move and the ambulance was called. He died the next morning at the city hospital, and Berryman was arrested for manslaughter.

## BRUSH AND BROOM FACTORY.

Fort William, July 25.—G. Hartley, of Toronto, with twenty-five years' experience in brush manufacturing has arrived to establish a factory here. His machinery is now on the way, and he will open up at once. He aims to supply the district and the west with brooms and coarse brushes.

## THE MAYBRICK CASE.

London, July 25.—In the house of commons yesterday Michael Davitt, M. P. for South Mayo, asked the government if in view of the fact that the conduct of Mrs. Maybrick in prison has been uniformly good the home office could not recommend royal clemency in her case. Sir Matthew White Ridley, the home secretary, said that he was unable to hold out the hope of the exceptional treatment of Mrs. Maybrick, and that he was not aware of any reason for royal clemency.

P. O. DRAWER 1897.

## J. D. O'BRIEN, GRAIN AND STOCK BROKER.

148 Princess St., Winnipeg.  
Private wire connection with all markets.  
Grain bought and carried on margin.  
Correspondence Solicited.

## WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No 1 hard, Fort William, 69c.  
Flour—Ogilvie's—Hungarian patent, \$1.85; Glenora, 1.75; Manitoba strong bakers, 1.35. Lark of the Woods—Patent, \$1.85; strong bakers, 1.75; second bakers, 1.30; XXXX, 1.00 per sack of 48 lbs. Discount of 50 per sack to cash buyers.  
Millfeed—Bran, \$10, and shorts \$12 per ton in bulk; large lots, \$1 per ton less.

Ground Feed—Best Oat chop, \$28 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$23.50 to \$24.50; best grades of corn feed \$19, inferior qualities \$17.50 per ton. Oiler cake, \$24 per ton.

Oats—Good feed, 40c to 41c.  
Oatmeal—Car lots of rolled about \$1.80 for 80 lb. sacks.

Corn—Car lots on track here, 41c.  
Barley—About 38c per bushel of 48 lb.

Wheat—Country prices—53 to 55c for best grades.

Hay—Baled, \$6.00 to \$7.00 on track here. Loose hay on the street, \$6.

Butter—Creamery, 15c; dairy, 10 to 11c.

Cheese—Large, 8c; small, 7c.  
Eggs—Candled, 13c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, choice, 40c to 50c per bushel; new potatoes, 90c; rhubarb, 1c per lb.; radishes, 10c per dozen bunches; green onions, 12c per doz. bunches; cauliflower, 40c to 45c per dozen, according to size; tomatoes, 60c per lb.; new peas, \$1.00 per bushel; butter beans, 7c per pound.

Seneca Root—20c per pound.  
Hides—No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 5c; No. 3, 4 1/2 c. Kip, 6c to 6 1/2 c; calf, 8c; deerskins, 25 to 35c each; sheepskins and lambskins, 40c to 65c; horse hides, 50c to 75c each.

15c per lb. dressed.  
Dressed Meats—Beef, 6c to 7c; mutton, 10 to 10 1/2 c; veal, 7 to 8c; pork, 6 to 8c; spring lamb, \$5.50 to \$4.50, as to size and quality.

Wool—7 to 8c for unwashed Manitoba fleeces.

Poultry—Fowl, 50c per pair; spring chickens, 35 to 40c per pair; young ducks, 60c per pair; turkeys, 11c per lb., live weight; upland poultry, 20c per pair.

Tallow—No. 1, 3c; No. 2, 2 1/2 c.  
Cattle—Choice fat cattle, 4c per lb.; common, 4c; stockers, yearlings, \$12 to \$16; two year olds, \$18 to \$22.

Hogs—For selected weights, \$4.50 per 100 pounds.  
Cows—From \$30 to \$45 is the price for good dairy cows.

Horses—Good work, \$100 to \$175; heavy draft, \$125 up.

American Embellizer Extradited.  
Toronto, July 27.—H. W. Crolough, an American embellizer, left for Cleveland today to stand his trial.

Ten years ago he took \$2,500 belonging to an insurance company and skipped out. Nothing was heard of him till a few days ago, when he was arrested for drunkenness here. He said he was wanted at Cleveland, and enquiry has proved this to be true.

Toronto, July 28.—William Ferrier, a street car conductor, this morning at the Don bridge, became entangled in the trolley rope and was thrown head first to the ground and received a scalp wound.

St. Paul, July 28.—A servant girl in the employ of Ed. Sinkler at Grafton, N. D., tonight used gasoline to light a fire. An explosion followed and the girl was fatally burned.

Norwood, July 28.—This morning at Salmon Island, Stoney Lake, Hattie, the nine year old daughter of R. J. Stuart, grand organizer of the Canadian Order of Foresters, was drowned despite the efforts of the father and two brothers to rescue her. But for the presence of mind of Percy Clarke all four would have been drowned as the father became helpless through excitement.

Alloway & Champion,  
BANKERS AND BROKERS

362 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG.  
Listed Stocks bought, sold, and carried on margin.

Write us if you wish to exchange any kind of money, to buy Government or U. S. N. W. Co. Bonds, or to send money anywhere.

Reported by Alloway & Champion, Stock Brokers, Winnipeg

Winnipeg, July 1, 1896.

Montreal, July 1, 1896.

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## THE WINNIPEG INDUSTRIAL.

Eight Exhibition.

"Bound to become one of the biggest affairs of the kind on this continent." Such was the opinion freely expressed by thousands of intelligent visitors from all parts who thronged into Winnipeg during the Exhibition week, July 10 to 15, and to judge from the progress made since the first fair was held little doubt can be entertained as to the truth of the remark.

The premier, the Hon. Thos. Greenway, pointed this out in his speech at the official opening of the Exhibition.

In 1895, said Mr. Greenway, the receipts amounted to \$23,336.95, while in 1898 they amounted to \$49,780. The accounts for this year have not yet been finally adjusted, but we understand the receipts are in excess of those of 1898, an almost unhoped for success.

Where all the exhibits appertaining to agriculture were of such excellence it is difficult in a short summary to particularize, but what would immediately draw the attention of an outsider is the wonderful exhibit of agricultural implements and machinery.

As a matter of fact the machinery hall was this year doubled in size; every inch of space was utilized, and yet the exhibits overflowed to all the surrounding space. Here was a wide vista of threshing engines and separators in motion forming an interesting study to even those who but vaguely comprehended the uses of such articles.

The most improvement both in number and quality of exhibits was shown in the Dairy Department.

The judge, Mr. T. L. Hacker, who is state superintendent and professor of animal husbandry for the state of Minnesota, pronounced the exhibit one of the best he ever saw.

In the farm dairy class the number of entries astonished the judge, who stated that not one half as many could be got together for a state fair in Minnesota.

In the creamery Butter class the entries were more numerous than last year. Professor Hacker pronounced the make very good and said the whole style reflected great credit on the field instruction given the creameries. The number of entries of cheese was in fine condition. This must prove very gratifying to Mr. C. C. Macdonald, the dairy commissioner, whose efforts to make this very important section of the exhibition a success, were so untiring.

While not so large a class as last year the horses were, if anything, better in quality, and the same may be said of the cattle. The secretary of the Dominion Short Horn Breeders' Society, Mr. Wade, was a visitor to the fair and pronounced the animals shown very superior to those he was called upon to judge a couple of years ago.

The poultry exhibits far exceeded those of any previous year, and the building was taxed to its utmost. In a wing off the main building were located the geese, turkeys and various rare varieties of fowl and rabbits. The exhibits in all these classes were especially fine and undoubtedly the best ever seen at a Winnipeg fair.

For the first time the dogs were shown under the Canadian Kennel club rules and no doubt this was one reason why the quality more than compensated for the lack of numbers.

In the sporting classes there was an excellent show and one of the most interesting exhibits and a novelty for the country was a number of Russian Wolf hounds, a breed that promises to become of great use to sheep farmers.

In all the other departments the entries were well filled. Particular notice must be given to the competition for the prizes offered for home made bread. Herein the judges had an arduous task indeed.

The speeding events were keenly contested throughout and some very exciting finishes were witnessed by the thousands who thronged the grand stand. Every afternoon and evening a grand vaudeville performance was given and on the whole the manager is certainly to be congratulated on the selection made. The pick of the show was undoubtedly the Herberts' dogs, the Fortune Bros., and the Diana.

This lady's dance is very cleverly executed and the effect of the many mirrors reflecting her every movement was wonderfully clever, particularly one little fellow who climbed a 54 foot ladder and made a flying leap into a net.

The Fortunes brothers act was as clever as an act as ever witnessed and they well deserved the applause lavished upon them. The Merwaf family of Russian trumblers and dancers deserve great praise.

Cotton's Donkey circus, Kelly and Row in their turn, designated as the living doll were also a fund of amusement and laughter. Last but not least must be mentioned the chariot races; the descent from a balloon by Meleto, and finally the troupe of colored artists who hail from Virginia. Their singing, buck and wing dancing was first rate and if the cake walk appeared to take up too much time it must be remembered that it served to fill up this interval which would otherwise have been required for fitting up and putting in place the mirrors required for Diana's dance. A grand display of fireworks terminated the performance every evening.

In point of numbers the attendance was about the same as last year. On Citizens Day there was a record of over 21,000. On Friday American Day the crowd was nearly as great. The Winnipeg Fair is evidently becoming known and appreciated by our neighbors across the border. Every facility was given by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern lines of railway and the consequences were that between five and six thousand invaded Winnipeg with bands and banners and took full possession for the day. No doubt this feature of a special say for Americans will in the future become more

and more important and will be the means of conferring much permanent benefit on our town and province. Ocular proof and personal testimony by an independent crowd go much further than official evidence towards removing doubts and clearing away misrepresentations. For their efforts in this direction the management of the exhibition deserve more than local praise.

On Saturday "Ladies Day" in addition to the usual programme there were some very amusing gymnastic events. This will be more appreciated when better understood and we venture to think that Saturday will in time become what it deserves to be, one of the most popular days at the Fair. Every item goes without a hitch, the crowds are less and every department can be visited and appreciated without the crushing which is inevitable on other days.

## An Outside Opinion.

"American Day" at the Winnipeg Industrial Fair ranked next to Winnipeg day in the number of visitors, there having been 23,000 admissions on Friday last, and 28,000 the day before.

Between 5,000 and 6,000 were sent in by the excursion men on the N. P. and G. N. roads, the former forwarding two specials of 16 cars each and one of 13, while the G. N. sent out one special of 15 cars and one with 13. The local sale of tickets was 410 by the N. P., and 275 by the G. N. The Grafton band accompanied the N. P. excursionists and the bands of Crookston and the K. P. band of Grand Forks also visited the fair. On the arrival in the city the Grafton and Grand Forks band marched to the city hall square, where they played "God Save the Queen" and "Yankee Doodle" to applause. Drum Major Ball of the Graftonites making a neat little speech between the pieces commending the spirit of fraternal relation between the two nations.

The fair itself was a pronounced success in every department and well contented racing events there were many excellent specialties for the entertainment of the guests, including balloon ascension and magnificent fire works that were greatly enjoyed by a host of visitors. Winnipeg was gay with bunting and the stars and stripes were conspicuously in evidence. It is to be noted to their credit that there was not the least attempt made at extortionate charges, and on every hand a most cordial and delightful exhibit of spontaneous hospitality toward the Americans visitors that was very grateful to them.

Sec'y F. W. Heubach, upon whom most of the labor of organization and management of the event devolved, proved very conspicuously the man for the place and is to be congratulated with his colleagues upon the gratifying results that marked the week of exhibition.—News and Times, Grafton, N. D., July 21, 1899.

## Wonders of Nature.

If two pieces of looking glass are held on the opposite sides of a lighted lamp or candle an endless series of bright flames may be seen at one time. So, in the cold north, when the air is full of minute floating ice flakes, the sun with its halo is reflected many times, and the traveler sees two, four, or more mock suns with crossing halo rings of startling patterns. In hilly countries where the sun rises in a serene atmosphere, but opposite to a thin, vaporous cloud, if a human being stand on a high hill between them, a wonderful image is seen on the cloud curtain, moving as the man moves, at one moment clear and the next fading away. This is a kind of natural magic lantern, where the cloud takes the place of the white screen, and a man, or men, of the slides. The highest peak of the Hartz Mountains, called the Brocken, is the place where this is most seen, so the image is called the spectre of Brocken. But mountaineers see it often on the high Alps. The changing rays of the morning sun make the giant shadows vanish and reappear and the moving cloud-screen gives them motion.

## The Coming Reign of Peace.

The implements of war have become so terrible that rulers and people alike stand in fear and dread of hostilities; and the mere contemplation of its horrors must cause greater and greater yearnings of peace to begin. At Omdurman, lately, the British army was moved down like grass before the reaper at the distance of a mile. With the machine guns now invented the same things that were seen in the Sudan could be done on the plains of Europe. Why, then, should we wonder at the urging of the nations? Neither princes nor their ministers can lead their people into such shambles of death and ruin, and the day has passed when whole populations will be driven like flocks to the slaughter. Kings and rulers no longer lead the people, they are proving their rulers before them. Plot and scheme as they may, pile armament on armament, ship on ship, it only increases the terror and hate of war.—Rear Admiral F. A. Roe, in Self Culture.

## Jealousy.

Smith—Is your wife jealous of you?  
Dawson—Jealous is no name for it. Why, on our wedding trip she would not even let me admire the scenery.—Standard.

## Heard at the Counter.

"She's a wonderful woman for bargains."  
"How does her husband stand the expense?"

## Signs for the Superstitious.

If a superstitions man is single, everything is a sign of marriage, but after he marries everything is a sign of death.—Atchison Globe.

## Before and After.

He kissed a rose—a sweet red rose—  
And dropped it to the floor.  
He picked it up and pressed his lips  
Where



## RAILWAY TIES.

The first electric railway in the world was built in Ireland, from Bushmills to Giant's Causeway.

New steam railway construction this year will reach 5,000 miles. Nearly 4,000 are under way already. This is a record unequalled since 1850.

The Japanese railways have introduced newspaper reading cars on some of their passenger trains. Tall piles of newspapers are kept at the service of travelers, so that they may read as they ride.

French railways are now running English and American close in the matter of speed. Of 25 expresses doing over 50 miles an hour, 5 do from 54 to 58 miles, including stoppage. The express from Paris to Amiens does 57.7 miles an hour, the total distance being 81.5 miles.

**A SURE CURE FOR HEADACHE.**—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted. There is a sure cure in the form of a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the irritating bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which causes the headache. Try them.

**Her Progress Is Watched With Interest.**

"Does your wife play by note?"  
"Um—er—yes. The piano dealer holds mine for \$500."—Colorado Springs Gazette.

**His Experience.**  
Miss Waffles—What's the longest time you ever got along without food?  
Professor—I once lived three days on my wife's cooking.—Leslie's Weekly

**Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.**

**Not Including Postscripts.**  
When women write—some sage opines—A man must write from the lines; but, heaven! what a contract greets That wight whose girl writes sixteen sheets.  
—Chicago Record.

**A WOMAN'S PLUCK WINS.**  
How a Drunken Husband Was Made a Sober Man by a Determined Wife.

She writes:—"I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Samaria Prescription treatment on my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid he would discover that I was giving him medicine and the thought unnerved me. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated and his week's salary nearly all spent, I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming, at all hazards. I sent for my Samaria Prescription and put it in his coffee as directed next morning and watched and prayed for the result. At noon I gave him more and also at supper. He never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept right on giving it regularly as I had discovered something that set every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future spread out before me—a peaceful, happy home, a share in the good things of life, an attentive, loving husband, comforts, and everything else dear to a woman's heart, for my husband had told me that whiskey was vile stuff and he was taking a dislike to it. It was only too true, for before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept giving the medicine till it was gone, and then sent for another lot to have on hand if he should relapse, as he had done from his promises before. He never has, and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst cases."

We will send our pamphlet free, giving testimonials and all full information with directions how to take or administer Samaria Prescription. Correspondence considered sacredly confidential. Address The Samaria Remedy Co., Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

**Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.**

**Scientific Discovery.**  
"Doctors say mental depression usually arises from stomach troubles."  
"That's true. Nothing makes a man so low spirited as not having anything to eat."

**A Suggestion.**  
Knicker—What wonderful execution Cholly does on the violin.  
Bocker—Yes; he ought to take the place of the electric chair.—New York World

**ULCERKURE Heals All Old or Fresh Wounds.**

**A Scheme Worth Trying.**  
"Yes," said the lord lady, "I made my will several years ago, and it was one of the wisest things I ever did."

"Why?" the neck looking woman asked. "Do you expect to drop off suddenly?"

"No, but it's such a satisfaction to go and change it whenever I get mad at any of my heirs."—Chicago Times-Herald.

**Fruitless Bravery.**  
"They carried poor Dick Gosling off to the hospital."

"What was the matter?"  
"He saw an automobile running away and got out in the street and waved his hat at it."—Nuggets

**TO THOSE OF SEDENTARY OCCUPATION.**—Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The former will find in **Parmenter's Vegetable Pills** a reliable and unquestioned most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, and especially, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

## Catarrh Cured After Fifteen Years' Suffering.

### JAPANESE CATARRH CURE CURES.

Mr. John Crow, 42 Keeler Street, Vancouver, B.C., writes: "After receiving invaluable benefit from Japanese Catarrh Cure, I consider it my duty to add my testimony for the benefit of fellow sufferers. I had been a great sufferer from catarrh for fifteen years, and during that time I tried almost every remedy I ever heard of for this trouble, and a score of doctors, but the result was only temporary relief, and in each case the catarrh returned. I used six boxes of Japanese Catarrh Cure over one year ago, and since that time have been completely free from catarrh."

Japanese Catarrh Cure is the only permanent cure for catarrh yet discovered; the first application relieves, and six boxes are guaranteed to cure the worst case of catarrh, or money will be refunded. We will also be pleased to send a sample to any person troubled with this disease. Address: The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto. Sold by all druggists. Price, 50 cents; six for \$2.50, with guarantee.

### LIQUID AIR.

Some of the Many Uses to Which It May Be Put.

It would seem that certain uses may be found for liquid air in which considerations of cost are not so important as is the ability to obtain the effects in view. In warfare, for example, the possession of highly concentrated energy stores under control is very important. Liquid air can be rapidly converted into compressed air at six tons per square inch. This would probably be useful in the projection of high explosives.

Compressed air is now used for propelling mobile torpedoes, or fish torpedoes, as they are called. Dirigible torpedoes either depend for power upon compressed air or the electric energy of a storage battery. Compressed air requires high pressure and very strong and heavy containing vessels.

Liquid air can be stored without pressure or at low pressures and can be evaporated at any desired pressure, while its bulk represents that of air under 800 atmospheres. A storage battery would properly be from five to ten times as heavy as liquefied air in a receptacle for equal available energy. But no storage battery could be discharged at an equivalent rate.

Submarine boats and flying machines may yet find use for liquid air. In the submarine boat it could be evaporated by the heat of the surrounding water, and after furnishing power it would ventilate the boat. Before the final discharge it could be burned with oil in a fuel engine for further power. We may find use for it in the flying machine. For emergency work it could be evaporated and fed into the cylinders of a fuel engine and yield power as a result. Moreover, control of the submergence of a boat could be effected by the use of liquid air, so easily gasified, to add to the displacement.

The great feature of the application of such a power as liquid air would be its emergency value. By this is meant the ability to obtain at will a sudden output far beyond the normal. Animal power notably possesses this emergency value, and the success of electric trolley systems largely depends upon the fact that when needed the station can be called upon for a temporary delivery to any single car or train of a power greatly in excess of the rated output of the motors.—Engineering Magazine.

**Taught the King to Ride.**

Some years ago Lieutenant Lunsdale, who was recently killed at Samoa, visited Korea on one of the American cruisers. He had a bicycle with him and when Chempulpi was reached went ashore for a ride. It was the first bicycle the ignorant and superstitious coolies had seen, and they fled at the first sight of the strange man gliding along on it.

The king heard of the wonderful machine, and Lunsdale received a polite summons to come to Seoul and bring his wheel. He did so and taught the king to ride. The latter at once ordered a royal collection of wheels, and he and Lunsdale took many rides together. They grew to be excellent friends, and the young officer was always a welcome guest at the court. The friendship endured to the end of the life of the officer.

**They Put Him in a Cage.**

A gentleman with a very singular episode in his life has just died in China. This was M. Piry, the "father" of the Chinese customs service, which he entered when it was first formed by the consuls at Shanghai in 1854. M. Piry was a Frenchman by birth and in his boyhood went to sea. Being shipwrecked on the Korean coast, he was taken by the natives and dispatched to the king at Seoul as a great curiosity.

The king, possibly desiring to send a rare and strange present to his suzerain in Peking, put poor Piry in a cage and sent him overland to the Chinese capital to the emperor. The latter, after detaining him some time, sent him down to Shanghai to the foreign consuls, who gave him a post suited to his age in the newly established customs, and there he remained until his death.

**Florida's New Senator.**

James P. Tallaferra, the Democratic senator elect from Florida, is a native of Virginia, where his family was one of considerable distinction. It was of Spanish descent, but the name is now pronounced Tolliver. The senator elect is 52 years old. He served as a private in the Confederate army and after the war settled in Tampa, Fla. He has been successful in business and is president of the First National bank of Tampa. He declares his adherence to the Chicago platform, free silver and all. He is a man of strong personality, who possesses to a high degree the facility of making strong and lasting friendships. Men tie to him—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The number of sheep in the world is estimated to amount to 550,000,000. Of this number between one-third and one-half are believed to be Merinos.

### Rule by the Stars.

Here is an old astrological prediction said to indicate with tolerable certainty the character of the girl according to the month she happens to be born in, says an exchange:

If a girl is born in January, she will be a prudent housewife, given to melancholy, but good tempered.

If in February, a humane and affectionate wife and tender mother.

If in March, a frivolous chatterbox, somewhat given to quarrelling.

If in April, inconsistent, not intelligent.

If in May, handsome and likely to be happy.

If in June, impetuous, will marry early and be frivolous.

If in July, passably handsome, but with a sulky temper.

If in August, amiable and practical, likely to marry rich.

If in September, discreet, affable and much liked.

If in October, pretty and coquettish and likely to be unhappy.

If in November, liberal, kind, of a mild disposition.

If in December, well proportioned, fond of novelty and extravagant.

C. C. RICHARDSON & CO.

Dear Sirs,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stable for over a year and consider it the very best for horse flesh I can get and strongly recommend it. GEO. HOUGH, Livestock Stables, Quebec.

**In the Way.**

Little Boy (at the front door)—Is the doctor in? "Cause if he is I want to see him at once."

Servant—He's not in.

"Well, just as soon as he gets home you tell him to come over to our house and take that baby off he left last week. It's in the way."

Human nature is the same thing the world over. One mortal knows the weaknesses and meannesses of another because of like infirmities within himself.—Dallas News.

The double entry system of bookkeeping, now in common use, was first practiced in Italy in the latter part of the fifteenth century.

**ULCERKURE Heals the Worst Burn-Wire Cuts.**

**Antislavery.**

"What did you say the baby's name is?" asked the visitor.

"William Henry."

"How old is he?"

"Over a year. He was born in May, 1898."

The visitor pressed his hand to his forehead and recoiled.

"What's the matter?"

"A boy!" he gasped. Born in May, 1898! And not named Dewey!"—Washington Star.

**Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.**

**Grounds For Devotion.**

"I'm fond of you, Billy, and that's a fact."

"Is that so? We don't see each other often."

"No, but when I dream I'm hard up I always dream that you lend me some money."—Chicago News.

**Solace In Misery.**

Miss Ethel—Music always makes me feel sad. Doesn't it you, Mr. Suds?

Mr. S.—Yes, but I like it—it's awfully jolly to feel sad, don't you know.—Brooklyn Life.

**Remedy for Sore Throat.**

This is just where Griffiths' Menthol Liniment is so very valuable. Apply it to the throat and chest when going to bed, and the soreness and inflammation will become immediately relieved. No other liniment has ever given such universal satisfaction as this remedy. Sold by all druggists, 25 cents.

**His Role.**

"I thought," said the disappointed friend, "you told me this election was going to be a walkover."

"Well," answered the former candidate, "it was. I was the doorstep."—Washington Star.

**A Melodious Proposal.**

Algernon McSorley (to street musician)—Here's a nickel, mister. If you'll play something soft and poetic. I'm going to propose to my girl, and she's very skeptical to music.—New York Journal.

**Probably Not.**

"I wonder if William Waldorf Astor appreciates the paradox?"

"What paradox?"

"Before he settles down he must settle up."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**Save the Babies.**

Thousands of them die every summer who could be saved by the timely use of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

There is not a mother who loves her infant but should keep on hand during the hot weather a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. There is no remedy so safe and so effective for the diarrhoea of infants, and none has the endorsement of so many Canadian mothers who have proved its merits, and therefore speak with confidence. One of these is Mrs. Peter Jones, Warkworth, Ont., who says: "I can give Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry great praise, for it saved my baby's life. She was cutting her teeth and was taken with diarrhoea very bad. My sister advised me to get Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I got a bottle and it cured the baby almost at once."

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## 20 YEARS TORTURE.

A Belleville Lady, Whom Doctors

Failed to Help, Cured at

Last by Doan's Kidney

Pills.

No one who has not suffered from kidney disease can imagine the terrible torture these endure who are the victims of some disorder of these delicate filters of the body.

Mrs. Richard Rees, a well-known and highly respected lady of Belleville, Ont., had to bear the burden of kidney complaint for over 20 years and now Doan's Kidney Pills have cured her when all else failed.

Her husband made the following statement of her case: "For 20 years my wife has been a sufferer from pain in the back, sleeplessness and nervousness and general prostration. Nothing seemed to help her. Doctors and medicines all failed, until we got a ray of hope when we saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised as a positive cure. 'She began to take them and they helped her right away, and she is now better in every respect. We can heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to all sufferers, for they seem to strike the right spot quickly, and their action is not only quick but it is permanent."

"I cannot say more in favor of these wonderful pills than that they saved my wife from lingering torture, which she had endured for 20 years past, and I sincerely trust that all sufferers will give Doan's Kidney Pills a fair trial."

**LAXA—** Cure constipation, biliousness

**LIVER** sick headache and dyspepsia.

Every pill guaranteed perfect and to act without any gripping, weakening or sickening effects. 25c. at all druggists.

**PILLS**

**Use Wit With Caution.**

Miss Young—I would marry no man unless he had a steady nerve and plenty of self confidence.

Dr. Plater—Well, I am a dentist, but as long as you have been "drawn" into this subject I would suggest that you give me a chance to "fill" the bill.

Dr. Plater (one year later)—Really, my dear, this is an outrage! Four hundred and sixty-eight dollars in three weeks for dresses!

Mrs. Young Plater—But, my dear, only one short year ago your most ardent desire was to "fill" the bill. I expected gold, of course.

"This is a man's attempts at wit—elism are sometimes thrown into his teeth."

A SHORT ROAD to health was opened to those suffering from chronic coughs, asthma, bronchitis, catarrh, lumbago, tumors, rheumatism, exoriated nipples or inflamed breast, and kidney complaints, by the introduction of the inexpensive and effective remedy, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

**Content.**

He was a man of simple style. Yet radiant shone his constant smile. Quoth he: "For wealth I vainly seek. My roof has sprung another leak; The plaster tumbles down of late. And off its hinges is the gate. Yet far to tell the news I came— The Washingtons have won a game."

"Footsore and weary though I be, This life has brought new joys to me. The roof may leak and never stop. The gate may all unloosened pop. It is enough to hear the shout Which cheers the country roundabout And join the general acclaim— The Washingtons have won a game!"

—Washington Star.

**Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.**

**One Comfort.**

First Actor—Well, the medical guy says I've got paresis coming on.

Second Actor—That ain't so bad as it looks. You know, a fellow with that is generally happy, and besides, you ought to make a good living writing vaudeville sketches.—Indianapolis Journal.

**ULCERKURE—Sure Cure for Poison Oak or Ivy.**

**Knave When to Quit.**

"I suppose you made your money through your holdings in stock."

"Well," said the financier, "they had something to do with it, but the really important considerations weren't my holdings so much as my let goings."—Washington Star.

**So rapidly does lung irritation spread**

and deepen, that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay, get a bottle of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

**JINGLES AND JESTS.**

**Spring Fever.**

On days like these a voice comes from the fields—

A winsome voice, borne on the tempered breeze—

That keeps the waking music of the brooks, The opening chords of the great shade trees. It fills me with desire to roam abroad, To start afire at breaking of the dawn. Cooped up indoors, my work seems dull and flat; I'm very tired; I stretch and gape and yawn.

Who hears that voice of spring without a thrill? Who would not rather than his lot were cast With field and meadow, babbling brook and dell.

Then with an office job that holds him fast? I would be dishing go or penicillin? A hammock here on shady lawn.

A girl, a book, a pipe, most anything— Being satiated here to stretch and gape and yawn.

I yearn to wander 'mongst the ancient hills To call wild flowers from the brink of streams.

To list the notes of the murmurous rills And tell my drowsy soul to pleasant dreams. I want to loaf, to run away, to shirk, To do away the hours in nature's lap— In the woods, I want to do my work.

And—ah—ah—I think—I'm going to take a nap! —Philadelphia North American.

If Mr. Henderson is elected, he will be the first speaker of the house from the Mississippi river.—Detroit Journal.



**EDDY'S .... TELEGRAPH MATCHES**

FIRST in 1851. \* FOREMOST in 1899

The MOST of the BEST MATCHES for the Least Money.

COUNT THEM FOR YOURSELF AND SEE.

Everyone wants the best value for his money. Buy Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea and you will certainly get it.

**Chase & Sanborn's SEAL BRAND COFFEE**

is the kind that housekeepers who want only the best always buy. Packed in pound and two-pound tin cans, it comes into the home with all its natural aroma and strength. Protected by our Seal, the consumer knows that its purity and strength have been untampered with. Your grocer sells this kind, but be sure our seal and name is on the can you buy.

**WHITE STAR**  
That means a guarantee of PURITY and EXCELLENCE.  
**WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER**  
Is everywhere in this country. Once used it is a continuous favorite.  
TRY IT.  
**THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.**

**Labor Saving.**  
Uncle—Well, Tommy, my little man, what are you going to do when you grow up?  
Tommy—I'm going to grow a beard.  
Uncle—What for?  
Tommy—So's I won't have so much face to wash.—Detroit Journal.

**Faithful.**  
"My duties are light," said the street lamp, "but I must stick to my post."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound, unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the faintest system is built up, the strength of the blood is increased, the strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of anæmic despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and by tranquillizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep, imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses through the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite, nervousness and leanness are given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Many animals in desert regions never have any water except the dew on vegetation. A parrot in the London zoo is known to have lived 52 years without drinking a drop of water.

Anybody who knows enough can learn something from anybody else.—Boston Christian Register.

Burns, Stewart & Milne, Limited, Hamilton, Canada, have issued a circular to the stove dealers stating that the fire which occurred in their factory last week will not interfere with stove business or repairs. The part of the building burned was the mounting shop, which will be rebuilt inside of two weeks. Fortunately the large concern's stock of stoves, furnaces, and boilers, which is very heavy at this time of the year, escaped fire, owing to their very large premises.

**MONEY BACK**

Test the sincerity of this offer—fully satisfy you by this offer—standing offer, and guarantee. If you do not return undisturbed. This is the only policy on which we are building up the business. We must place you, failing to do so, we fail to keep you as a customer and have wasted our money in advertising. We have large lists of Dry Goods of all kinds, Clothing for Men and Women, Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Drugs, Books, Hardware, China and Glassware, Groceries and Fresh Produce, Furniture, Wall Papers and Pictures, Catalogue and Samples free if you will.

**THE ROBERT SIMPSON COMPANY LIMITED**  
—TORONTO, ONT.

**HIGH GRADE PLOW, SEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Wagons, Harrows, Windmills, &c. COCKBURN PLOW CO., Windsor.**

**LEST YOU FORGET**—Write for Price on Cream Separators, Gasoline Engines, Tractors, Pumps, and everything used in the Cheese Factory, Creamery or Dairy. We have the best of our Hand Separators WILL SAVE you cost the first year.

**Winipeg.**

**LUCA, STEELE & BENTON** Circle Team Importers of Groceries L. N. & H. Coffey L. N. & H. Coffey L. N. & H. Coffey L. N. & H. Coffey

**FIRE, LIFE, MARINE INSURANCE.**  
The Canada Accident Assur. Co., a clear and reliable policy giving indemnity for total or partial dismemberment without extra charge. The American Surety Co., the largest guarantee company in the world. W. T. KIRBY, 345 Main St., Winnipeg.

**WANTED**—Men and women everywhere to distribute samples and advertise California Orange Syrup; 10¢ per day and expenses paid; each week; particulars for advertisement. CALIFORNIA ORANGE SYRUP CO., San Francisco, Cal.



## "Safeguard" Soap.

A great big cake of Carbolic Disinfectant Soap for 10c., 3 for 25c.

### OTHER SEASONABLE GOODS:

Chloride of Lime,  
Carbolic Disinfectant,  
Mire's Root Beer,  
Joy's Ginger Beer,  
Lime Juice,  
Fly Pads, Tanglefoot, etc.

Baby Carriage and Baby Carriers at cost. Hammocks, Croquet sets etc., selling at reduced prices

## TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

### The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1899.

#### IMPORTANT TO SUBSCRIBERS.

For the past four weeks we have been notifying those in arrears to pay up, otherwise their names would be removed from our list, and the arrears placed in our solicitor's hands for collection. We have received a large number of responses, either remitting the balance due or promising to do so immediately. But there are still a few whom we have not heard from. We do not want to lose any of our subscribers if we can possibly help it. We have therefore gone to the trouble of sending a statement to every subscriber in order that they may know just how they stand, and we will wait for another week before removing any names. We are endeavoring to place our subscription list on the paid-in-advance basis, which seems to be the most satisfactory both for the subscriber and the publisher. Hoping to receive your assistance in this matter,

We remain, yours truly,

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

### LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Buy fruit jars at Healey's.—Advt.  
School re-opens a week from next Tuesday—Aug. 15th.

Healey & Co.'s clothing department is being highly spoken of. Advt.

Dean's Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. showed to a full house last Friday night.

Mrs. W. E. Porter, of Medicine Hat, is visiting her brother-in-law, N. J. Porter.

Miss Morrison returned home this week from a short visit to friends at Virden.

Best local talent will assist the Moose Jaw young ladies and Miss La Dell next Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Rankin arrived from Regina on Monday's No. 1 for a visit of a day or two.

Mr. Tomney (baritone), Mr. Bailey (tenor), and the Moose Jaw orchestra will assist at the concert fair night.

Miss Bonneau, who has been visiting friends in Regina for some weeks, returned home to Willow Bunch last Friday.

Fifteen Moose Jaw young ladies in Delsartean posing and beautiful pantomime in Grecian costumes next Wednesday.

On Monday before W. C. Sanders, J.P., Robert Bishop was charged by Mr. Henry Bates with assault by jostling and threatening language. He was fined \$5.00 and costs.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hudson, of Arthur, Ont., have returned home after visiting their brother, Mr. Stephen Hudson. They are very much pleased with what they saw of the country.

Mayor Bogue has proclaimed a civic holiday for next Thursday in response to a largely signed petition. We understand that a general picnic is being arranged for at Buffalo Lake.

Mr. Mann, of the firm of Mackenzie & Mann, railroad contractors, is off on a trip to China, where, it is said, he will arrange for the firm taking a hand in the construction of some projected railways.

Mr. N. J. Porter wishes us to announce that his sale of household furniture is still going on. Among the valuable articles left are two beautiful 58 piece China tea sets, and the White Sewing machine. Residence, River St., east.

Messrs. W. E. Jones and sons, of Yellow Grass, suffered a severe loss last week in the destruction of their stable by fire. The fire started from a smudge, and a valuable imported horse perished in the flames.

Mrs. J. C. Hamilton and Master Kenneth left yesterday morning to spend a couple of months with friends in Ontario. They will go by the boat route, and after visiting Mrs. Hamilton's parents at Almonte, they will go to Toronto, Montreal, Brockville and other eastern cities.

In reporting the case against Mr. R. O. Miller and his hired man last week, we stated that they were charged with stealing harness. Mr. Miller thinks this is unfair to him as he was not summoned for the stealing of the harness, but for knowingly having the harness on his premises.

Ladies' slippers 15c. a pair at Healey's.—Advt.

Mrs. Burke returned home from Indian Head yesterday.

Mrs. H. Hardy returned home to Medicine Hat this week.

We are headquarters for boots and shoes. J. A. Healey & Co. Advt.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew, of Regina, was in town last Sunday and Monday.

Dean's Uncle Tom's Cabin Company played to a good house last Friday evening.

Miss Pearl England and Miss Bessie Sweet returned home to Regina last Friday.

Homestead entries made and maps to be seen at the office of J. H. Grayson, Main Street. Advt.

Thos. Bain, M.P. for South Westworth, Ont., has been appointed Speaker of the House of Commons.

School Inspector McColl, of Calgary, is paying the annual official visit to the rural schools of this district.

Spencer Bros., of Medicine Hat, expect to ship about 500 head of beef cattle from that place in the course of a month.

Father St. Germaine, of Regina, will be in Moose Jaw next Sunday and hold service at Mrs. P. Green's at 10:30 a.m.

See the poem, "The Lotos Eaters," from Tennyson, illustrated by Misses Fulton, Stevenson and Morgan at the concert Aug. 9th.

Miss Ella Fulton, one of our young ladies, will be seen in several beautiful, refined skirt dances at the concert on Wednesday night next.

"Fighting Joe" Martie is having a hot time just now. The other day his private safe was blown open and all his valuable papers are missing.

Mr. Percy Beasley, architect, who has been in the district for the past week, has decided to locate for a time in Moose Jaw. See advt. in another column.

Mr. Goggin, Supt. of Education, was a passenger on Monday morning's Imperial Limited, en route home from Banff. Mr. Goggin is greatly improved in health.

General Superintendent Whyte and Land Commissioner Hamilton, C.P.R., passed through Moose Jaw on Wednesday returning from British Columbia.

Good water seems to be in superabundance in the Weyburn district, quite a number of farmers having obtained a good supply at ten and twelve feet.

Mr. Chas. H. Black, late of the Canada Drug & Book Co., has purchased the stationery business of the late Mr. Taylor in Winnipeg, and will move thither immediately.

The brick work of Mr. Kern's new hotel has been completed up to the second story and is already a marked improvement to the corner of Main and Manitoba Streets.

Mr. Harrowell, of Fleming, Assa., where he is licensed lay reader, spent a few days in town last week, being the guest of the Rev. J. S. Chivers. On Sunday morning Mr. Harrowell preached at St. John the Baptist's church.

Tenders will be received up to August 12th, noon—separate or bulk—for the erection of a residence in Moose Jaw. Plans and specifications can be seen at Dr. Sizer's office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Advt.

Last Saturday an engine accidentally ran off the track while switching in the yard. While assisting to put it on again Mr. Geo. Mott, fitter, had the misfortune to break and severely cut the first finger on his left hand, in consequence of which he will have a few weeks' holiday.

Mr. F. R. Noble, a general merchant of Tara, Ont., spent Tuesday in town while en route to Edmonton. Mr. Noble intends to locate somewhere in the North-West and was spying out the land. He arrived here on Monday night's local and was waiting for the Imperial Limited.

Curtis Chapman, a Wagner car porter, on the American Editorial Association excursion, was charged with the theft of \$200 from one of the excursionists, Mr. Guy Owens, it is believed that he has stolen from other members of the party amounts aggregating \$1,000.

The post office department has had a letter box placed at the C.P.R. depot. This will be a great convenience to our townspeople who have letters to post after the regular hour for the clearing of the mails, and will also relieve Mr. A. Smith, of the C.P.R. hotel, of a duty he assumed some years ago and one which he has faithfully performed.

S. John the Baptist's congregation is to be congratulated on its up-to-date enterprise in starting a Parish Magazine, which will be issued from this office early in the month. The magazine will contain interesting general reading matter, besides local notes and parochial news of interest to the congregation. The price, 50c a year, places it within the reach of all.

Messrs. A. McDonald and Arch. Hill, of Stayner, Ont., spent Monday in Moose Jaw as the guests of their former townsman, Mr. W. H. McBeth, of Robinson & Hamilton's. They came west to spy out the land and intend to settle somewhere in the Territories next spring. During their stay here they were driven through certain parts of the district by Mr. Walter Hayes and expressed themselves as being highly pleased with what they saw.

The other week we had occasion to say that the land around Weyburn was nearly all taken up and that settlers were beginning to pour into the Yellow Grass district. A correspondent writes asking us to correct the statement, and says that they can still locate between 75 and 100 families on good land and in close proximity to hay, wood and water. Exchanges will please copy. First come, first served. And just here we might say that there is plenty of room in the Moose Jaw district for between 100 and 200 good settlers, who would like to earn an honest living. They'll profit by the experience of the settlers since '83 and enjoy the privileges of our educational and religious institutions that have been established throughout the district, besides being near the principal railroad centre of the Territories. For further particulars apply to Mr. Wm. Grayson, of the North-West Land Co., or Mr. Seymour Green, of the Moose Jaw office, who will furnish full and reliable information.

# THE ANNUAL FALL FAIR

OF THE...

Moose Jaw Agricultural Society,

At Moose Jaw, on Wednesday,  
Aug. 9th, '99.

Prizes will be given for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Pigs, Poultry,  
Grain, Roots and Vegetables; also for  
Manufacturers and Ladies' Work....

Foot Ball Match at 18:30:  
Moose Jaw vs. Buffalo Lake.

For full particulars see Prize List to be had on application to the Secretary.

B. FLETCHER, SECY.

Commissioner Ogilvie places the Yukon output at \$20,000,000.

E. A. Baker & Co. are putting a new foundation under their store.

Homestead Inspector John Rodgers, of Regina, was in town this week.

One of the heaviest rains of the season fell between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Tuesday.

We are glad to see so many taking an interest in the cricket club which has again been reorganized.

Mrs. J. T. Simpson returned home this week from an extended visit to friends at Carberry, Winnipeg and Toronto.

Among the passengers on ocean steamers sailing from Montreal on 26th July was Mr. Octavius Field, of Moose Jaw.

Seventeen Mounted Policemen in charge of Sergt. Jones passed through on Monday destined for Klondyke service.

Miss Thomson and Miss Fletcher, of Regina, sister and niece of Mrs. G. K. Smith, are visiting in Moose Jaw this week.

Mr. T. E. W. Morris, of Simcoe county, Ont., arrived at Regina this week, and will shortly take charge of the Caron school.

Rev. J. S. Chivers left on Wednesday's No. 1 for Winnipeg on a three weeks' holiday. Mr. Harrowell also went to Regina by the same train.

Good water seems to be in superabundance in the Weyburn district, quite a number of farmers having obtained a good supply at ten and twelve feet.

Wm. Rutherford, C.P.R. train despatcher, Winnipeg, spent last Saturday and Sunday in town the guest of his brother John of Chief Despatcher Wilcox's staff.

Contractor W. F. Eddy, of Regina, arrived in town this week and will remain with us for some time assisting Contractor Wilkie with his stone and masonry work.

Principal A. M. Fenwick returned home last Friday evening from Regina, where he had been assisting with the examination of the papers for teachers' certificates.

Mr. W. Nicholson-Lailey, late of Harrogate, Yorkshire, England, has taken up his residence in town, and is filling the place of Mr. D. McLean under Mr. Henselwood in the B. & B. Department of the C.P.R.

In reporting the result of the school examinations the week before last, the name of Daisy Drummond was given us in place of Daisy Hammond, who passed the examination from Part II to Standard II.

The C.P.R. have an addition of about a dozen new passenger and baggage cars. Three were put on the Moose Jaw and Brandon locals. These additions have been found necessary to accommodate the increased traffic.

Mr. Holmes, Gr., of Toronto, arrived in Regina yesterday, having stopped over to see the North-West capital before coming to Moose Jaw to visit his son, Mr. W. J. Holmes, the well known Old Wives' Lake horse rancher.

Interrogated by a Free Press reporter concerning the interviews recently held with the train men and yard men of his division, Mr. Osborne, superintendent of the western division, said: "When the new train schedule came into effect there were certain conditions introduced over which there was some disagreement between the men and myself. This arose over the interpretation of these conditions. I was waited on by committees appointed by the conductors and engineers and yard men, and after several interviews we arrived at a highly satisfactory understanding and the matter has now been settled."

Word has been received in Winnipeg from Commissioner Laird stating that the Indian and halfbreed commissioners separated at the Lesser Slave lake, as the halfbreed commission had too much work to do to be able to keep up with the Indian commission. A treaty was arranged with the Lesser Slave Indians without any trouble whatever. The commission finding themselves about two weeks' late when they arrived at the Peace River landing decided to separate. Mr. Ross and Mr. McKenzie doing the St. John district and Commissioner Laird went to Fort Vermilion and Fort Chipewain. At the latter point the commission will reunite and proceed north. It is not expected they will be able to return before September 1.

### SIR JAMES EDGAR DEAD

The Speaker of the House of Commons Dies from the Effects of an Operation.

Sir James Edgar, the Speaker of the House of Commons, died on Monday evening at Toronto, whither he had gone two weeks previous from Ottawa to undergo an operation for stone, which was hoped had proved entirely successful. But his system was so weak that he did not recover, and he passed away at six o'clock surrounded by members of his family.

This is the first time in the history of Canada that a Speaker has died during the session. In announcing his death to the House, the Premier said that they had been long in the shadow of death since the session opened. He referred to the deceased as one of the oldest and most experienced members. The loss was a great one. Personally it was specially painful to him. Sir James Edgar was a strong party man up to the time he was elected speaker. Since he was in the chair Sir Wilfrid Laurier believed that Sir James Edgar had discharged his duties with dignity, with fairness and general satisfaction. Mr. Laurier corroborated what Sir Wilfrid Laurier had said about Sir James Edgar's fairness in the chair.

Sir James Edgar was not a very old man, having been born at Hatley, Que., in 1841. He had a distinguished career at the bar and was at one time legal editor of the Toronto Globe.

### Farm Hands Wanted.

There will be work for a large number of harvesters in this district in the course of a few weeks. Quite a number of farmers and ranchers are already in need of men to assist them with haying, after which the grain will be ready to cut. Farm excursionists from Ontario cannot do better than come to the Moose Jaw District, as there is generally a scarcity of men here, the majority of the excursionists stopping off before reaching this point.

### School Board.

The regular monthly meeting of the School Board was held Wednesday evening. Present: H. Ferguson, T. B. Baker, Wm. Grayson and W. C. Sanders. The treasurer's statement for July showing a balance on hand of \$19.40 was adopted. Miss Davidson wrote accepting re-engagement. The accounts of G. K. Smith, \$15.00, and the Linscott Pub. Co., \$9.00, were ordered to be paid. The committee appointed to look after the kalsomining reported that the work was in progress, the contract being awarded to Jas. Sanders for \$75.00.

### Cricket Match.

On Monday last a cricket match was played between members of the Moose Jaw Cricket Club and a team of baseballers, when the Club team won by 30 runs, the score standing 79 to 19. The Club team was composed of J. W. Robin, H. S. Goodier, G. Haigh, Seymour Green (Capt.), W. B. Willoughby, F. Johnson, G. A. Fisher, J. A. Creagh, A. Lowe, H. Uper and J. Haigh, and the baseball boys were represented by Messrs. B. Carey, M. O'Hara, C. A. Smith, D. Alexander, R. E. Baxter, F. Perry, J. Perry, Wm. Simington, S. Long, and W. Winchester. We understand that in a week or so Buffalo Lake will bring a team in to play the Club and on the 19th inst. the N. W. M. F. Cricket Club is coming up to play here.

### Delsartean Entertainment.

On the evening of August 9th, the date of our fair, fifteen Moose Jaw young ladies will appear in a Delsartean concert under the direction of Miss Marietta La Dell, the popular entertainer, who is now training these young ladies in this beautiful and artistic posing of grace and physical culture. The ladies will appear in the graceful gowns of the ancient Grecian era, and will give besides the forty Delsartean attitudes of human expression, a pantomime from Tennyson's Lotos Eaters. Miss La Dell will be heard in several new humorous and dramatic selections. The best local talent will assist in vocal and instrumental music, and Miss Ella Fulton will be seen for the first time in several refined skirt dances.

Seldom do we have such an opportunity to listen to such a programme as the one in progress for next Wednesday evening, and citizens should secure their seats at once. Plans at Turnbull & McCulloch's drug store.

# Clothe Your Boys!



Does Your Boy Look Shabby?  
Are His Clothes Worn Out?

Bring him in to us This Week and we will make a different boy of him and make your heart glad

WE HAVE ON HAND a large stock of **Boy's Clothing** and must clear it out to make room for our new fall stock which will soon be coming in. We will offer to cash buyers

The Greatest Bargains in Clothing  
Ever Given in the West...

FOR THIS WEEK.

Here are a few of the Bargains:—

- 25 Children's tweed suits clearing at....\$1.75
- 20 Children's navy blue & black serge \$3.50...2.25
- 25 Boy's all-wool tweed suits to clear at....3.00
- 30 Large Boy's suits, worth \$6.00 for....4.50

WE CANNOT COMMENCE to give here a faint idea of the great bargains which we are offering. Bring your boy along and you will be convinced that we are doing just what we say.

M. J. MacLEOD,  
The Up-to-Date  
Store....

## PROCLAMATION

Civic  
Holiday.

A petition to proclaim Thursday, the 10th day of August, 1899, a Civic Holiday, signed by the business men of the town having been presented to me, and believing the petition represents the wishes of our citizens, I hereby proclaim the said day a Civic Holiday.

R. BOGUE,  
MAYOR.

Friday, Aug. 4th, 1899.

## Artistic

Portraits.

Views of all kinds.  
Novelties in photo buttons.  
Finishing for amateurs.  
Developing for amateurs.

Porter's Studio, Main Street.

## W. J. COSGRAVE.

WHOLESALE WINE, LIQUOR  
AND CIGAR MERCHANT,

Carries a full stock of Harvey's Scotch, Dewar's Perth whiskey, Thompson's Irish, Mitchell's Irish, Burke's Irish, John de Kuyper Gin, Booth's London Old Tom Gin, Hennessy's \*\*\* Brand, St. Julien Claret, Old Three Grape Port. Also choice line of both Foreign and Domestic Cigars.

"Tis sweet to court,  
But oh! how bitter  
To court a girl  
And then not get her."

OFFICIAL ZEPH. WAGNOR'S GUIDE. 50

### WANTED.

A girl wanted for light house work. Apply to MRS. J. JACKSON. 4-6

Wanted, a good dining room girl. Highest wages paid. Apply, BRUNSWICK HOTEL. 5-7

Smart young man or strong boy wanted to drive delivery wagon and do all kinds of work. J. A. HEALEY & CO. 4-6

Teacher wanted for Boharm school for balance of term, holding first or second class certificate; male preferred. FRED. W. GREEN, Secretary. 5-

Tenders wanted for cutting and stacking 100 to 150 tons of hay at Rush Lake. Can supply mower if required. For further particulars apply to ROBERT CRUICKSHANKS, Rush Lake. 2-11

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Aug. 14, for the building of sidewalks. Plans and specifications of the work can be seen at the Secretary Treasurer's office. G. B. C. SHARPE, Secy-Treas. 5-7

### IMPOUNDED.

On premises of J. H. Coventry (28-15-24) on or about 21st June, one bay pony, white face, branded CL on left shoulder, indistinct brands on shoulder and hip. J. H. COVENTRY, Poundkeeper.

One bay horse, branded W over W on left shoulder and W on right shoulder; one bay mare, small white strip on forehead, branded S over O on left shoulder. JAS. CAMPBELL, Poundkeeper, 22-17-28, Moose Jaw, Assa. 4-6

### STRAYED.

Strayed from the slaughter house of the undersigned on or about July 14th, two red and white heifers, 4 years old, branded JU1 on right side. Finder will please inform JMO. H. SMITH, butcher, Moose Jaw, Assa. 5-11

Strayed from the premises of the undersigned on Sunday, June 31, one light bay gelding, about fifteen hands high, white stripe on face, three white feet, branded lay B on right shoulder. Any information leading to the recovery of same will be suitably rewarded. GEO. TAPLEY, Moose Jaw. 3-5

Strayed from my premises about middle of May, one bay pony gelding, aged, branded MF on left shoulder and quarter circle over cross on left hip, white star on forehead and small white stripe between nostrils. Suitable reward will be given for its recovery. W. T. HERON, Moose Jaw. 5-11

### MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1.....	\$ 50
" No. 2.....	47
Oats.....	45
Hay.....	5 00
Potatoes.....	90
Onions, per lb.....	06
Cheese, ".....	10 to 15
Bacon, ".....	12 to 16
Lard, ".....	12 1-2 to 15
Butter (creamery).....	20
Eggs, per doz.....	20